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For Newark and vicinity: Probably

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NEWARK, OHIO, MONDAY EVENING, JUNE 28, 1915.

BATTLE TIDE IS NOW WITH THE TEUTONS

Russian Forces' Retirement South of Lemberg Now Substantiated

CZAR AT COUNCIL OF WAR HELD AT THE FRONT

WITH LEADING GENERALS

Italians Report That the Austrians Made An Unsuccessful Attempt to Retake Heights—Petrograd Reports That Austro-German Attacks In Some Places Were Repulsed.

The tide of battle is again flowing with the Teutonic allies in Galicia. German and Austrian claims of victory are substantiated by Russian admissions of retirement south of Lemberg. Simultaneously comes news of a Russian council of war at the front, presided over by the emperor and participated in by the Russian commander-in-chief, the Grand Duke Nicholas, leading military men, and several cabinet ministers, while in Petrograd the recent retirement of the minister of war is to be followed by other ministerial changes, according to current report.

Following recent indications that the Germans were resuming activity with the possible intention of beginning another march on Warsaw down from near the East Prussian border, come reports of a strong offensive movement by the Teutonic forces in the southern part of Russian Poland.

The latest Russian official report mentions this with the declaration that up to Saturday the new offensive had met with no success. It is likewise affirmed that German attacks in the Shavli and Narew river regions and across the Niemen have been repulsed.

News from other sections of the far spread war front includes an Italian official report of an unsuccessful attempt by the Austrians to retake the heights of Zeilenkofel.

German submarine activity has borne fruit again in the sinking of the British steamer Indrani in St. George's Channel.

British aviators have flown over Smyrna, dropping bomb and causing more than seventy casualties in the Turkish garrison there, according to a report from Mytilene.

An interesting statement in view of recent reports, is attributed to the Serbian minister to Italy to the effect that Serbia will decline to make a separate peace.

NO EVIDENCE OF DISORDER ABOUT THE SLATON HOME

(ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM)

Atlanta, Ga. June 28.—Four men arrested between midnight and dawn by the militia guarding former Governor Slaton's country home, were placed in the county jail today and are held pending action by the military authorities. It was stated the men were found in a road near the Slaton estate, and failed to explain reasons for their presence to the satisfaction of the militiamen. No arms were found upon them.

The twenty-six men arrested near the Slaton estate Saturday still are in the jail. No formal charge has been placed against any of them, according to jail officials.

Officers of the guard reported there was no evidence of disorder within the zone, under martial law during last night.



New sixteen-inch coast guns are now being constructed at the U. S. government arsenal at Watervliet, N. Y., for the new fortress at Cape Henry, Va., and for the new Los Angeles fortifications. These guns will weigh 127 tons each. They will fire projectiles weighing 2,100 pounds, which will have a muzzle velocity of 2,150 feet per second and be capable of piercing 96.4 inches of armor plate at the muzzle. At an elevation of 45 degrees these new guns will shoot over fifty miles. Such a range would not be effective, however, and would never be attempted either in practice or in actual warfare. All of our coast

guns are set in their carriages to fire at an angle of 15 degrees. The greater elevations are used only for mortars.

At the present time the only sixteen-inch guns the United States has are stationed at Sandy Hook. Except for these defenses of New York Harbor, according to General W. W. Wotherspoon, chief of staff of the United States army, a modern battleship carrying 15-inch guns could stand off a mile and a half beyond the range of any American fortification and batter it to pieces. It was this impressive fact that caused our war department to decide on 16-inch guns as the future armament of our fortifications.

(Associated Press Telegram.) Columbus, June 28.—If allowances for mothers' pension in any county exceed the fund raised for that purpose by the special levy of not more than 1-10 of a mill, the allowances must be reduced, Attorney General Turner declared today, in an opinion. County commissioners have no legal authority for transferring money from fee funds or other funds to pay mothers' pensions. In reducing certain pensions or eliminating some entirely, juvenile courts should have "due regard for the most needy cases," the attorney general suggests.

RUSSIAN ARMY IS PREPARED TO RESIST ADVANCE

FORCES SAID TO HAVE BEEN RE-GROUPED SINCE DISASTROUS GALICIAN CAMPAIGN

And Are Now Ready to Throw Strong Opposition to the Austro-German Drive.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM) Petrograd, June 28. (Via London) Officers of the Russian general staff now state that they have satisfactorily achieved the regrouping of their forces necessitated by the German Galician campaign and that they stand ready effectively to oppose a further advance of the Austro-German forces in Galicia or in Southern Russia.

The Gnila Lipa river, to which the Teutonic armies for the most part still outwardly, though not without difficulty, dominating the situation.

The penetration of the Germanic armies eastward from Lemberg has had the inevitable result of forcing the Russians from the thirty-mile front between Bobrka and Zurawna, where they had offered such stubborn resistance.

The Muscovites, as they themselves admit, are now falling back to the Gnila Lipa river, which runs from the northward of Przemysl and through Dniester. Military writers here anticipate that this backward move will necessitate a total withdrawal from the Dniester and that the Russians will make their next real stand on the River Bug.

The most important point of the present front is that portion of the Vistula just north of the River San. Here the Germans in considerable numbers are attempting to force the river and by so doing, flank the Russian positions along the Taniev which as yet have shown no signs of yielding to the frontal attack.

The wooded approach to the river at this point allows the Germans successfully to mask their operations and to conceal their batteries, but the record of the fighting up to Saturday shows that no real advantage has yet been gained by the Germans. The importance of this move is well recognized by the Russians since if successful, it would unite the German forces on the left side of the Vistula with those operating on the other side, in Lublin province, against the Taniev front.

German activity appears to be limited at present to the Dniester and Vistula rivers. In the region of Lemberg no serious fighting has been reported.

ANOTHER BRITISH VESSEL WAS SUNK BY A SUBMARINE

(ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM) London, June 28.—The British steamship Indrani of 3,640 tons gross, was sunk on Sunday by a German submarine at a point southwest of Tuskar, Ireland. The crew of the Indrani was saved.

The steamship Indrani on her last eastern voyage across the Atlantic, sailed from New York, May 8, by way of Bordeaux for Glasgow where she arrived June 19. The Indrani was 361 feet long, 44 feet beam and 27 feet deep. She was built at Liverpool in 1888 and owned by Donaldson brothers of Glasgow. Tuskar Rock is an inlet off the southeast coast of Wexford county in St. George's channel.

Rumor continues busy with the Balkans, but those who know the secret of the Bulgarian ministry are awaiting their own time for divulging it. The only fact which is public property at present is that the Bulgarians are still receiving offers from both sides.

MARYSVILLE IS VOTING TODAY UNDER BEAL LAW

(ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM) Marysville, O., June 28.—This city was voting today under a Beal law election to determine whether open saloons shall remain.

Marysville had been dry under the Beal law for several years, but recently seven saloons were opened as a result of the adoption last fall of the home-rule amendment.

LESS ACTIVE OFFENSE OF THE FRENCH

In Western Field of War Pending Consolidation Of Captured Ground

AND A KNOWLEDGE OF NEXT GERMAN MOVE

TEUTON AGAINST SLAV

Has Converted Europe Into An Armed Camp On Anniversary of the Slaying of Austrian Archduke. War Has Developed Into Struggle for Racial Supremacy.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM) London, June 28.—The anniversary today of the assassination at Sarajevo, of Archduke Francis Ferdinand of Austria, which turned Europe into an armed camp and most of it into a battlefield, finds the struggle between Teutonism and Slavism for racial supremacy nearing what is thought here to be its high water mark, with the Teutonic armies for the most part still outwardly, though not without difficulty, dominating the situation.

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Addison L. Rawlings, Arrested at His Home, Released On \$3000 Bond for Hearing Friday; Says He Has Been In Newark for Last Ten Days

Addison L. Rawlings, former well known Newark piano dealer, was arrested at his home in West Church street, Sunday evening about 10 o'clock by Police Chief James Sheridan. He was charged with forgery.

In six affidavits, five of which were issued at the instance of John A. Thornton of Cincinnati, who charges that the Newark man uttered fraudulent notes in the sums of \$450, \$260, \$300, \$225 and \$250. The sixth affidavit was issued at the request of John A. Thornton, also of Cincinnati, who charges Rawlings with forgery of a note whose face value is \$300.

After the arrest, Chief Sheridan brought Rawlings to the patrol station and Mayor R. C. Bigbee was notified that the prisoner desired to

give bond and the mayor consented, placing the amount of the bail at \$3,500 on each charge, a total of \$3,500. This was furnished by relatives and Mr. Rawlings was released to appear Friday, when he will be formally arraigned before Mayor Bigbee. He has retained counsel and will probably waive examination and be bound over to the next term of court, which convenes in September.

Rawlings' attorneys are W. D. Fulton of this city and W. M. Koons of Mt. Vernon.

The whereabouts of Rawlings have been unknown except to members of his immediate family since his sensational disappearance from this city on Thursday, May 6, nearly eight weeks ago. The next day attorneys for Harry Swisher applied for a re-

ceiver for the Rawlings store in North Park place and Attorneys J. Howard Jones and Chas. W. Montgomery were appointed by the court. Within a short time it developed that Rawlings was involved to the extent of over \$250,000.

Representatives of firms holding Rawlings' paper came to this city and started an investigation and it soon became apparent that he had issued piano notes in various amounts ranging from \$100 to \$450, the sum total of which equaled many thousands of dollars, which are alleged to have been forged.

Some time ago Police Chief Sheridan had reason to believe that Rawlings was in hiding at his home in this city. Later these suspicious were confirmed and yesterday Chief

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 1.)

Huerta Arrested, Charged With Trying to Organize Mexican Party In the U. S.

Burglars Fire Pistol In Face Of Mrs. Bragg; Escape With Loot Valued at \$100 Saturday Night

Burglars caught at work in the home of Mrs. S. H. McCleery, widow of Ex-Mayor McCleery, fired one shot at Mrs. McCleery's daughter, Mrs. Mary Bragg Saturday night, when she returned to their home, 125 Tenth street after spending the evening down town. They rested for a few minutes on the front porch before entering the home.

Mrs. Bragg unlocked the door and as she pushed it open, a man brushed past her. An instant later another dark form loomed in the doorway and there was a flash of fire and a sharp report of the pistol. Both men leaped from the porch and disappeared around the house.

Until the revolver cracked, the women were speechless with terror. With the discharge of the weapon, both women screamed for help. In

(Continued on Page 10, Col. 1)

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The advices came from Ambassador Gerard and were notably the first of a definite nature received since the American note reached the German foreign office. The exact nature of the ambassador's message was not divulged for obvious reasons, and it did not become known whether he revealed any indication of the trend of the forthcoming German reply. The ambassador's dispatch was of sufficient detail, however, to put officials in an optimistic attitude. It was communicated at once to President Wilson at the summer White House at Cornish, N. H.

Ambassador Gerard based his observations on the favorable effect which the visit of Dr. Anton Meyer-Gerhard, emissary of Count von Bernstorff, the German ambassador here, had produced on officials of the German government.

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APPEALS

WILL BE MADE FOR LAWS MORE FAVORABLE TO AMERICAN SHIPPING.

Four Hundred Commercial Organizations Forward Resolutions to President Wilson.

ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM
San Francisco, June 28.—What is intended to be a nation-wide appeal for legislation favorable to American shipping, was launched here today with the forwarding of resolutions to President Wilson, Secretary of Commerce Redfield, and 400 American commercial bodies by the San Francisco chamber of commerce.

Each of the organizations to which the resolutions were sent has been asked to request its congressional delegation to urge the enactment of laws favorable to American shipping and for repeal of existing "discriminatory" acts. The resolutions request President Wilson to appoint a commission of practical shippers to study the laws and regulations relating to government shipping in this and other countries and then draft a bill outlining a conservative method of building up a permanent merchant marine.

The announcement that the Pacific Mail Steamship company would discontinue its trans-Pacific service; that the Dollar Line would change from American to British registry, and rumors that other Pacific steamship companies were planning to haul down the American flag were given as reasons for the appeal.

A. L. RAWLINGS

(Continued from Page 1.)
went on to New York. You can imagine the condition of my mind. I was almost on the verge of insanity. I had intended leaving New York for a foreign clime, when I changed my mind and went to a number of places in Pennsylvania where I remained until about ten days ago, when I decided to return to Newark and give myself up. I would have done so some time ago but there were a few things I wished to do in the meantime. I am glad that the trying ordeal is over and I only ask my friends and the public in general to suspend judgment until the full facts which will be brought out in the trial are made public.

"Every dollar I had in the world when I left this city was \$25. I had left my wife all other funds, amounting to a little over \$200. I had also given her a check which I had and this was protested at the bank, and that by a man whom I had loaned over \$9000 in the course of his business career. My wife was later forced to sell her Victrola and our auto in order to secure funds with which to run the household.

"A relative of mine sent me money while I was away when I ran short of funds. This morning I have only 35 cents in the world, and that is the God's truth. That represents the amount of my capital.

"I am told that it has been said that I lived extravagantly; that I bought the most expensive of clothes for my family. That is untrue. I was never extravagant, nor inclined to frivolity; never speculated or gambled in any manner. The money which I realized in my business went back into that business. I paid one family alone in Cincinnati the sum of over \$250,000 since I have been doing business. Hounding methods on the part of my creditors have been the cause of my ruination. I do not care to say anything further at this time except to state that I have receipts for every dollar which I have realized and this will be shown when the proper time comes."

Mr. Rawlings has not denied the charge that he forged many piano notes which he discounted and sold, but it is said that he claims that once he started, several years ago, to issue such paper he found himself unable to meet the discounts and the payments on these notes out of the legitimate profits of his business and, therefore, issued and disposed of more fraudulent paper. It is alleged that he owes Harry Swisher approximately \$120,000, and that of the 600 notes held by Swisher only a few, said to be less than twenty, are good. Cincinnati and Chicago people hold various amounts. The Rawlings notes while several local people held various amounts. The Rawlings indebtedness to the banks is fully protected by genuine notes and other security that is good.

A mortgage was placed upon the Rawlings home several months ago for about \$6000, and this fact is cited as evidence that Rawlings has no money at present.

While the parties interested are, of course, reticent, the belief is that Rawlings will waive examination at the hearing, Friday, and if so will be bound over to the grand jury, which meets in September. If he is bound over the court will require a new bond, the amount of which will be determined at that time.

Rawlings, who in appearance has aged greatly since his disappearance on May 6th, says that the financial statement which he sent to the Advocate for publication purporting to account for about \$80,000 of his losses, was incomplete and that he will prepare a detailed statement accounting for all of the money which passed through his hands.

It was reported today that the Rawlings north side music store, has been bought by a Cincinnati firm. The receivers say that negotiations are pending but that the deal has not been completed.

BIRTH ANNOUNCEMENT.
Announcement is made by Mr. and Mrs. Dolan of the birth of a son on Sunday evening at their home in Kibler avenue. Mrs. Dolan was formerly Miss Anna Moran.

Mr. and Mrs. Curtis Sosulin of Licking township are the parents of a one pound boy who came to their home Saturday night.

One Year Ago Today Occurred Tragedy Which, Comparatively Insignificant In Itself, Has Plunged Europe Into War

One year ago today the Austrian Archduke, Francis Ferdinand, and his wife were shot and killed in the little Bosnian town of Serajevo by Gavrilo Princip. It was the act of Princip, a poor student, which ultimately resulted in ten nations going to war. These nations are, on one hand, Great Britain, France, Russia, Serbia, Japan, Belgium, Italy and Montenegro, and, on the other, Germany, Austria and Turkey. The war to date, according to conservative estimates compiled from the best available reports, has caused a loss to the various belligerents of more than six million men, dead, wounded and prisoners, and more than five hundred ships. Of these about 120 were war vessels.

The outstanding results on land are these:

The greater portion of Belgium is under the control of Germany. Germany has been driven from the Far East.

A part of the Dardanelles is in the possession of the Allied troops.

Portions of France and Russia are in the possession of German troops.

A strip of Alsace has been taken from Germany.

On the continent of Africa parts of territorial possessions have been lost by both sides.

Various island possessions of Germany have been taken by the forces of the allies.

Italian troops are in possession of a strip of Austrian territory.

The outstanding results at sea are these:

German and Austrian merchant shipping has been driven from all the open seas.

German and Austrian war vessels having a total displacement of approximately 257,000 tons have been destroyed.

War vessels of the allied nations having a total displacement of approximately 132,000 tons have been sent to the bottom.

The greater portions of the German and Allied fleets in the North Sea remain intact.

Except for communication through Holland and the Scandinavian nations, Germany is cut off from the rest of the world.

Efforts on the part of the Germans to place the British Isles in a similar predicament has resulted in the sinking by submarines of hundreds of vessels flying the flags of the Allied and neutral nations.

The sinking in this manner of the Cunard liner Lusitania with the loss of more than one hundred American lives precipitated a request upon the part of the United States that such practices insofar as they might menace Americans, be stopped.

During the latter part of October the British dreadnaught Audacious was sunk off the Irish coast; the Russians successfully attacked Lodz and Radom, driving out the invading Germans. Turkey joined in the war at that juncture by naval operations in the Black Sea. Odessa was attacked.

November opened with a German naval victory over a British squadron off the coast of Chile and the Turkish warships bombarded Sebastopol. Two days later German warships ventured from their anchorage behind the naval base at Heligoland and bombarded the British coast in the vicinity of Yarmouth. On November 5, Great Britain and France declared war on Turkey and the forts guarding the entrance to the Dardanelles were bombarded by a fleet of allied English and French warships.

On the north the Russians reoccupied Jaroslaw after several days of ferocious fighting.

German cruisers which had been stationed in foreign waters at the opening of the war had by that time given a good account of themselves.

The Emden operating in the Indian Ocean and adjacent waters overtook and sunk more than a score of merchantile ships belonging to the nations allied against Germany before she was finally run down and destroyed off Cocos Island. In the Atlantic the Karlsruhe and a number of auxiliary cruisers performed similar duties. They too, sent to the bottom more than a score of ships.

On land the armies of the belligerents settled down to hold their positions for the winter months.

Aeroplanes from November 11, when the German forces captured Dixmude resulted in Russian defeats at Vlora, Lopno and Kutho. The battle in Flanders progressed at intervals, vigorous actions taking place and thousands of men on both sides being killed or wounded. Intrenched for the winter, the armies contended themselves principally with holding the positions they had gained. In the Serbian-Austrian campaign there was considerable activity during the early winter months.

The Austrians occupied Belgrade, the Serbian capital on December 2, and retained it until December 15, when, after the Serbians had captured large forces of Austrian they were driven back into their own territory.

In East Prussia during the winter there was severe fighting, resulting in the loss of many men, dead wounded and captured. The German armies operating in East Prussia held off and dispatched a Russian army of vast proportions, finally driving it back well into its own territory.

On the sea, a British squadron

signally defeated the German squadron which was victorious off Chile.

This engagement took place off the Falkland Islands.

German cruisers bombarded Hartlepool and Scarborough, and the German armored cruiser Blucher was sunk in the North Sea by a section of the British fleet operating there.

German submarines became especially active during the winter months, sinking many warships and merchantmen.

March opened with an announcement of British reprisal measures against the Germans for the submarine warfare and the development of battle in France.

British troops in France again became active, making a notable advance at Neuve Chapelle. By the end of March the Russian troops had penetrated the Dukla Pass and entered Hungary. April saw the begin-

ning of violent assaults upon the German lines by the French east of Verdun and the Meuse. The French stormed the German position at Les Eperges and about the same time it was officially announced that the total of British casualties to that date were 139,347. By the middle of April the Russians had penetrated Hungary to a point twenty miles over the border, and the Germans had begun a successful assault upon the Allied lines near Ypres. For several weeks the armies struggled back and forth losing thousands of men, gaining ground one day and being forced to evacuate their positions the next. In Gallia during the first three days of May the German-Austrian forces broke through the Russian lines and forced a retreat. Fifty thousand prisoners, it was stated, were taken.

Around Ypres the British forces lost ground and were finally forced to evacuate an especially strong position they had gained at an elevation designated as Hill No. 60. Almost simultaneously the Russians began a retreat from the Carpathian passes and while this was in progress the Cunard liner Lusitania, bound from New York to Liverpool was sent to the bottom by a torpedo fired by a German submarine. Approximately 1,200 lives were lost in the disaster.

The loss of Americans in the Lusitania and other vessels which were victims of Germany's submarine warfare resulted in President Wilson protesting against a continuance of such tactics.

On May 28, Italy declared war on Austria-Hungary after having denounced early in the month the Triple Alliance Treaty. The declaration of war was quickly followed by raids upon the Italian coast cities by Austrian aeroplanes. The Italian army struck across the border into Austria with Trieste and Trent as objectives.

The commission is handicapped by the federal eight-hour law, because the season is only seven or eight months long and the men would prefer working longer hours for more pay. The wages paid are 37 1/2 cents an hour, which after deducting a dollar a day for board, leaves two dollars. With 24 hours daylight, the men could work ten hours with ease. With this in mind, the commission is letting out contracts to groups of men so that they may work as long as they wish."

During all this time the Allied warships in the Dardanelles had been keeping up practically a continuous bombardment of the short forts. Numerous warships of different types were sunk. Transports were hurried to the scene and troops then weakened.

The Germans operating in Russia meantime had been defeated after a ten days battle before Warsaw.

In Africa revolt and mutiny broke out. These disorders were headed by the Boer leader, General de Wet. General Beyers, Colonel Maritz and others.

Colonel Maritz was driven from Cape Colony. General Beyers was killed at Vaal river, and General de Wet was captured after he had been in the field for more than a month.

Native troops in the African provinces belonging to Germany, Great Britain and France were lined up on the borders of the respective provinces. Fighting was general.

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Aeroplanes from November 11, when the German forces captured Dixmude resulted in Russian defeats at Vlora, Lopno and Kutho. The battle in Flanders progressed at intervals, vigorous actions taking place and thousands of men on both sides being killed or wounded. Intrenched for the winter, the armies contended themselves principally with holding the positions they had gained. In the Serbian-Austrian campaign there was considerable activity during the early winter months.

The Austrians occupied Belgrade, the Serbian capital on December 2, and retained it until December 15, when, after the Serbians had captured large forces of Austrian they were driven back into their own territory.

In East Prussia during the winter there was severe fighting, resulting in the loss of many men, dead wounded and captured. The German armies operating in East Prussia held off and dispatched a Russian army of vast proportions, finally driving it back well into its own territory.

On the sea, a British squadron

signally defeated the German squadron which was victorious off Chile.

This engagement took place off the Falkland Islands.

German cruisers bombarded Hartlepool and Scarborough, and the German armored cruiser Blucher was sunk in the North Sea by a section of the British fleet operating there.

German submarines became especially active during the winter months, sinking many warships and merchantmen.

March opened with an announcement of British reprisal measures against the Germans for the submarine warfare and the development of battle in France.

British troops in France again became active, making a notable advance at Neuve Chapelle. By the end of March the Russian troops had penetrated the Dukla Pass and entered Hungary. April saw the begin-

CRITICISM

OF METHODS OF EMPLOYMENT OF FOREIGN LABOR ON CONSTRUCTION

OF Government Railroad in Alaska, Answered by Chairman of Engineering Commission.

ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM
Seward, Alaska June 28.—Replying to criticisms said to have been made by the unemployed here and at Ship Creek, regarding the methods of the Alaska engineering commission in its work of constructing the government railroad from Seward to Fairbanks, William S. Edes, chairman of the commission, in a statement given out today says:

"We have been criticised for employing what is referred to as foreign labor and for cutting the so-called Alaska wage scale."

"The men gathered here to secure station work are above the average. Many come here from the railroads just completed in Canada and we are fortunate to get such experienced help."

"The commission is handicapped by the federal eight-hour law, because the season is only seven or eight months long and the men would prefer working longer hours for more pay. The wages paid are 37 1/2 cents an hour, which after deducting a dollar a day for board, leaves two dollars. With 24 hours daylight, the men could work ten hours with ease. With this in mind, the commission is letting out contracts to groups of men so that they may work as long as they wish."

During all this time the Allied warships in the Dardanelles had been keeping up practically a continuous bombardment of the short forts. Numerous warships of different types were sunk. Transports were hurried to the scene and troops then weakened.

The Germans operating in Russia meantime had been defeated after a ten days battle before Warsaw.

In Africa revolt and mutiny broke out. These disorders were headed by the Boer leader, General de Wet. General Beyers, Colonel Maritz and others.

Colonel Maritz was driven from Cape Colony. General Beyers was killed at Vaal river, and General de Wet was captured after he had been in the field for more than a month.

Native troops in the African provinces belonging to Germany, Great Britain and France were lined up on the borders of the respective provinces. Fighting was general.

During the latter part of October the British dreadnaught Audacious was sunk off the Irish coast; the Russians successfully attacked Lodz and Radom, driving out the invading Germans. Turkey joined in the war at that juncture by naval operations in the Black Sea. Odessa was attacked.

November opened with a German naval victory over a British squadron off the coast of Chile and the Turkish warships bombarded Sebastopol. Two days later German warships ventured from their anchorage behind the naval base at Heligoland and bombarded the British coast in the vicinity of Yarmouth. On November 5, Great Britain and France declared war on Turkey and the forts

guarding the entrance to the Dardanelles were bombarded by a fleet of allied English and French warships.

On the north the Russians reoccupied Jaroslaw after several days of ferocious fighting.

German cruisers which had been stationed in foreign waters at the opening of the war had by that time given a good account of themselves.

The Emden operating in the Indian Ocean and adjacent waters overtook and sunk more than a score of merchantile ships belonging to the nations allied against Germany before she was finally run down and destroyed off Cocos Island. In the Atlantic the Karlsruhe and a number of auxiliary cruisers performed similar duties. They too, sent to the bottom more than a score of ships.

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In East Prussia during the winter there was severe

NEWARK AND AKRON SPLIT IN TWO GAMES

PITCHER MAHAN AIDED IN VICTORY BY AKRON'S NINE ERRORS.

Strawn Called Upon to Relieve Pitcher Blubaugh for Second Game—Team Bats Well.

Akron, O., June 28.—Akron split Sunday's double-header with Newark, dropping the first game 11 to 8, and winning the second, 10 to 6.

Errors lost the first game for Akron, Pitcher Linne being brought into hot water many times through the errors back of him. Akron started by gathering a six-run lead, and then virtually presented the game to Newark by bunching errors in the seventh inning.

Shoner, the amateur star from Uniontown, held Newark to five hits in the second, and easily won his game. He also was responsible for six of Akron's runs by his hard hitting. He struck out 11 men.

FIRST GAME

	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
McKee, r. f.	5	0	3	0	0	1
Patton, 3 b.	4	0	0	1	0	0
Jaeckel, 1 b.	4	1	1	0	0	0
Mundy, c.	4	1	1	0	0	0
Talbott, c.	4	1	1	0	0	0
Gleeson, f.	5	1	1	0	0	0
Holler, s. s.	5	2	2	0	0	0
Newnham, 2 b.	3	0	1	0	0	1
Linne, p.	1	0	0	0	0	0
Pickett, p.	1	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	39	8	13	28	15	9

Newark

	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Long, 1. f.	4	1	1	0	0	0
Wright, 3. b.	6	2	1	5	1	0
Roudenbush, 2. b.	5	0	1	0	0	0
Pearce, c.	5	2	1	3	1	0
Judge, s. s.	5	1	1	4	0	0
Strawn, c. f.	4	1	1	1	0	0
Blanchard, 1. f.	4	1	1	1	0	0
Malloy, b.	5	0	1	0	0	0
Mahan, p.	1	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	45	11	11	27	14	1

Akron

	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Long, 1. f.	3	0	0	0	0	0
Wright, 3. b.	3	0	0	0	0	0
Roudenbush, 2. b.	3	0	0	0	0	0
Pearce, c.	3	0	0	0	0	0
Judge, s. s.	3	0	0	0	0	0
Strawn, c. f.	3	0	0	0	0	0
Blanchard, 1. f.	3	0	0	0	0	0
Malloy, b.	3	0	0	0	0	0
Mahan, p.	3	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	18	10	11	21	19	1

Newark

	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Long, 1. f.	2	1	0	0	1	0
Wright, 3. b.	4	0	2	0	1	0
Roudenbush, 2. b.	3	0	1	0	0	0
Pearce, c.	4	1	1	0	0	0
Judge, s. s.	4	1	1	0	0	0
Strawn, c. f.	3	0	1	0	0	0
Blanchard, 1. f.	3	0	1	0	0	0
Malloy, b.	2	1	0	0	0	0
Mahan, p.	2	1	0	0	0	0
Totals	28	16	11	21	19	1

Newark

	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Long, 1. f.	2	1	1	0	0	0
Wright, 3. b.	4	1	1	0	0	0
Roudenbush, 2. b.	3	0	1	0	0	0
Pearce, c.	4	0	1	0	0	0
Judge, s. s.	4	1	1	0	0	0
Strawn, c. f.	3	0	1	0	0	0
Blanchard, 1. f.	3	0	1	0	0	0
Malloy, b.	2	1	0	0	0	0
Mahan, p.	2	1	0	0	0	0
Totals	29	6	5	17	8	3

Akron

	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Long, 1. f.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wright, 3. b.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Roudenbush, 2. b.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pearce, c.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Judge, s. s.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Strawn, c. f.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Blanchard, 1. f.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Malloy, b.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mahan, p.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	0	0	0	0	0	0

Newark

	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Long, 1. f.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wright, 3. b.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Roudenbush, 2. b.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pearce, c.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Judge, s. s.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Strawn, c. f.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Blanchard, 1. f.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Malloy, b.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mahan, p.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	0	0	0	0	0	0

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	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Long, 1. f.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wright, 3. b.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Roudenbush, 2. b.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pearce, c.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Judge, s. s.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Strawn, c. f.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Blanchard, 1. f.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Malloy, b.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mahan, p.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	0	0	0	0	0	0

Newark

	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Long, 1. f.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wright, 3. b.	0</td					

THE NEWARK ADVOCATE

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War Orders.

War orders so far given, while of great value to the steel trade and a few others, aggregate but a small fraction of the country's business. But information compiled by The New York Journal of Commerce indicates that the war order business is only in its infancy. Some of the contracts will run for a year or two, which is a sufficient suggestion of the ideas of foreign governments regarding an early closing of hostilities.

The Journal of Commerce puts the contracts already in hand much higher than we have seen them elsewhere estimated, observes The Philadelphia Record. It says that the financial credits established in this country by the allies and their agents already amount to a billion and a half. Great Britain and Russia will spend in this country this year half a billion each. France \$400,000,000, and Italy \$100,000,000. The contracts actually placed it estimates at \$700,000,000 to \$800,000,000, of which more than half a billion is in contracts that call for heavy tonnages of iron, steel, copper, spelter, lead and other metals.

The largest items are not for munitions specifically, though undoubtedly for military use. For example, the car and locomotive orders of Russia alone aggregate \$78,000,000; the French car orders amount to \$11,500,000, and rail orders from various countries amount to \$7,000,000. Rolled steel products will foot up to \$60,000,000. Copper and lead have advanced greatly in price, and spelter is four or five times as high as it was a year ago. One of the metal trade papers conjectures that spelter has been cornered by German capitalists with a view to bankrupting the allies, and it gives some of the circumstantial evidence in support of this theory. The idea seems wild. The cornering of the metal is probable enough, but why should it not have been cornered by American speculators, or speculators of the allied nations, for that matter, merely for the sake of the profit? An immense demand for cartridges and projectiles might naturally be expected to run the price up, and it would not be strange if speculators with no thoughts above profit had cornered supplies.

Everybody knows that corn exports have been large and wheat exports enormous, and vast numbers of horses have been, and will continue to be, exported, and the demand for shoes and saddles and harness is very great. Besides these articles of export, the derangement of the world's merchant marine has given a great impetus to shipbuilding in American yards. Since the first of January 45 merchant steamers have been contracted for at Atlantic yards, the cost of which will average half a million dollars. Fifty-five other steamers, including 10 for foreign

June 28 in History.

1510—Union of Germany, Spain, the Netherlands, the Two Sicilies, Saragossa, and the Spanish Indies under Emperor Charles V.

1770—Terrific bombardment of Fort Montric, Charleston harbor, by the British resulted in a bloody repulse of the fleet.

1806—Giuseppe Mazzini, Italian reorganizer, born; died 1872.

1838—Victoria crowned queen of England to succeed her uncle, William IV.

1846—Archduke Ferdinand of Austria, heir to the imperial throne, assassinated with his wife while public guests at Sarajevo, Bosnia, by alleged Serbian conspirators.

ASTRONOMICAL EVENTS.

Evening star: Mars. Morning stars: Jupiter, Saturn, Mercury, Venus. Meteoric displays may be expected.

Double Trouble.

"Mein Gott, it is too much! Ain't enough dot I fight for der Vaterland? Now der Emperor says we should marry before leaving for der front!"—Life.

Double Trouble.

"Mein Gott, it is too much! Ain't enough dot I fight for der Vaterland?"

"Oh," answered the prelate, "if that doesn't amount to an apology, it is certainly a perfect explanation!"—Christian Register.

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LITTLE CHILD'S WHITE MOTHER MARRIED NEGRO

WOMAN WAS A DIVORCED WIFE
AND KNOWN AS JOSEPHINE
PONSART.

Marriage License Secured in Zanesville and Ceremony Performed by Colored Newark Minister.

A marriage license was issued by the probate judge of Muskingum county, Saturday, for Murray L. Valentine, colored, and Josephine Jacob. In applying for the license in the Muskingum county court the license clerk states that Valentine claimed to be a resident of Zanesville, and stated that both he and his intended bride were colored.

Murray and Mrs. Jacobs were later married in this city. The bride conducts a commission business at the corner of Fifth and West Main streets, and is better known as Josephine Ponsart, having been divorced from her former husband some months ago. She is said to be of French descent.

The marriage was performed Saturday evening by David Guy, a local letter-carrier, who is also licensed to perform ministerial functions.

Later a celebration was held at the bride's home and attracted much attention. She did the honors in the way of serving refreshments and the celebration is said to have attracted a number of colored people from over the city.

Today Probation Officer John Dwyer was sent to the home by Juvenile Judge Robbins Hunter and the new Mrs. Valentine was ordered into court with her little 9-year-old daughter, by her former husband, on a dependency charge. In all probability she will have to make some provision to have the child cared for away from her own home.

Society

GARRISON—HOWELL.

On Sunday, June 27, Rev. H. Newton Miller, temporary pastor of the Central Church of Christ, solemnized the marriage of Miss Sadie Garrison of this city to Rolley J. Howell of Cleveland, O.

Misses Elizabeth Schneider and Minnie Leinhart, left for Cleveland yesterday to visit their sister, Mrs. Henry Nelle.

Mrs. Michael Baue, formerly of this city, now residing in Toledo, is the guest of her mother, Mrs. Edwards, of Granville street.

W. R. Black and Fred J. Bole, cashier of the Hancock (Ia.) Savings bank, was in town today on their way to Brownsville.

Mr. Henry Dase of Springfield was in the city Sunday, the guest of relatives.

Miss Mary Morath was a visitor in Columbus, Monday.

Mrs. Charles H. Spencer went to Columbus Monday to attend the funeral of her aunt.

Jack Gorby has returned to his home at New Castle, Pa., after a week's visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Ashbrook and family, of South Third street.

With all other legal entanglements out of the road, and no further interruption, the actual flood work should begin by next February, local committee experts declare.

The board of directors to look after the formation of the Miami conservancy court was appointed as follows:

Chairman E. A. Deeds, Dayton, seven year term; Gordon Rentschler Hamilton, three year term; Henry M. Allen, Troy, five year term.

Mr. and Mrs. David Geinger, 128 North Tenth street, have a little daughter.

Lester Gardner who is engaged in play ground work left yesterday to return to his work in Pittsburgh, Pa., after spending a week's vacation with his parents, on Eleventh street.

Miss Chloe Sharratt of North Fourth street and Miss Jennie Wolf of Grant street, have gone to Ypsilanti, Mich., to attend summer school.

Mr. and Mrs. B. D. Graham and son Robert of Cleveland, O., were called to Newark on account of the death of

Food Values

depend upon what the food supplies to the body.

Body and brain—particularly the latter—need certain elements often lacking in one's every-day diet.

Among these elements is the brain and nerve building phosphate of potash, not the kind that you buy at the drug store, but the true organic form as grown in the field grains, wheat and barley.

Grape-Nuts

FOOD

is scientifically processed to supply all the nutrition of the grain, combining delicious flavor and those important mineral values which are absolutely necessary for the upbuilding of well-balanced physical and mental strength.

"There's a Reason" for Grape-Nuts

—sold by Grocers everywhere.

SAGE TEA BEST WAY TO TURN GRAY HAIR DARK

Combined With Sulphur Makes Good Old-Fashioned Treatment.

A good old fashioned remedy for darkening gray hair is a compound of Sage Tea and Sulphur. Many try to make this mixture, though who will buy a bottle of the compound ready mixed by asking the druggist for Sulpho Sage. It costs only 50c. This is a dainty toilet preparation based on the old fashioned sage tea. Sulphur is added with other helpful ingredients added. It is in no sense a dye, but merely causes nature to bring back each gray hair to a rich dark shade similar to what it was before turning. The colors are natural, so you don't know you are using anything. New gray hairs are kept from showing. Sulpho-Sage removes dandruff too and gives your hair a glossy lustre and beauty that will make you look years younger. If you are wary, don't experiment with stains or powerful chemical combinations, but get the good old-fashioned Sulpho-Sage today from W. A. Erman. His recommendations to Newark ladies, and the legend full price to any dissatisfied purchasers.

Mrs. Graham's father, Newton Colville.

Clyde McCarthy, who travels out of Columbus, is spending the week with his sisters, Misses Florence and Anna McCarthy.

Fred Pryor, who has spent the past four years in the west, is visiting at the home of his parents at Nashport.

Mrs. Stine of Columbus is visiting at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Joseph Bader in North Sixth street.

Edward Gilbert, who is attending school at St. Xavier's college in Cincinnati, is spending his vacation at his home in Central avenue.

Mrs. Ira Perry of Granville is spending the day with Newark friends.

Mr. and Mrs. James Tyner of North Pine street will spend the next two weeks at the Maiden Cottage, Buckeye Lake.

Emmett Gould of Pittsburgh who has been visiting relatives here, returned to his home today.

Mrs. Katherine Brennan has returned to her home in Springfield after visiting relatives and friends in Newark.

Miss Mary Roach of Columbus is visiting at the home of Mrs. Charles E. Kirk in North Fourth street for a few days.

Misses Elizabeth Schneider and Minnie Leinhart, left for Cleveland yesterday to visit their sister, Mrs. Henry Nelle.

Mrs. Michael Baue, formerly of this city, now residing in Toledo, is the guest of her mother, Mrs. Edwards, of Granville street.

W. R. Black and Fred J. Bole, cashier of the Hancock (Ia.) Savings bank, was in town today on their way to Brownsville.

Mr. Henry Dase of Springfield was in the city Sunday, the guest of relatives.

Miss Mary Morath was a visitor in Columbus, Monday.

Mrs. Charles H. Spencer went to Columbus Monday to attend the funeral of her aunt.

Jack Gorby has returned to his home at New Castle, Pa., after a week's visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Ashbrook and family, of South Third street.

With all other legal entanglements out of the road, and no further interruption, the actual flood work should begin by next February, local committee experts declare.

The board of directors to look after the formation of the Miami conservancy court was appointed as follows:

Chairman E. A. Deeds, Dayton, seven year term; Gordon Rentschler Hamilton, three year term; Henry M. Allen, Troy, five year term.

Mr. and Mrs. David Geinger, 128 North Tenth street, have a little daughter.

Lester Gardner who is engaged in play ground work left yesterday to return to his work in Pittsburgh, Pa., after spending a week's vacation with his parents, on Eleventh street.

Miss Chloe Sharratt of North Fourth street and Miss Jennie Wolf of Grant street, have gone to Ypsilanti, Mich., to attend summer school.

Mr. and Mrs. B. D. Graham and son Robert of Cleveland, O., were called to Newark on account of the death of

CONSERVANCY DISTRICT FOR MIAMI VALLEY

COURT APPROVES ITS FORMATION BY A VOTE OF 5 TO 4 IN DAYTON TODAY

Work Necessary for Completion of Reservoir Plan Will Mean Expenditure of \$15,000,000.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM)

Dayton, O., June 28.—The formation of the Miami flood conservancy district was approved by the court by a vote of 5 to 4.

The immediate effect of the decision of the conservancy court is to bring the matter of flood protection for the Miami valley right up to the point where land which must be used in carrying out plans for the protection work will be appraised.

Three directors are to be named to look after the formal formation of the district and whatever they do



EDWARD A. DEEDS

Former Licking County man chairman Board of Directors Miami Conservancy District approved at Dayton today.

must be approved by the conservancy court before it is actually put into operation. The reservoir plan will be used for flood prevention work and the entire plan call for an expenditure of about \$15,000,000 in the valley. Nine counties are more or less affected by the decision, Miami, Shelby, Green, Clark, Montgomery, Warren, Butler, Preble and Hamilton. The formation of the court, with the legal entanglements which have interrupted it, has, however, been more than a year's time. The vote of five to four shows a division of opinion among members of the court and was generally expected.

The elimination of Logan county about ten days ago probably saved a tie vote in the case of the petition of the Dayton flood prevention committee for the formation of the district.

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TRY THIS AND HAVE FLUFFY, BEAUTIFUL HAIR

Harfina Guaranteed or Money Back. Shampoo Comb Free.

Not only can you rid your scalp of dandruff and stop hair from falling out, you can actually grow new hair, fluffy, lustrous, beautiful by using Harfina Tonic. It is the remarkable new hair product. A single 56-cent bottle will give the hair fascinating gloss, life and beauty. Especially recommended where hair has failed to respond to ordinary treatments. It has been so successful growing the hair that Mr. T. J. Evans reports a remarkable increase in sales each week. Get it from him today and try it on his guarantee; he refunds the price if you're dissatisfied. With Harfina, he gives you absolute assurance. Use Harfina Shampoo Comb for excising scalp and removing dandruff.

LOBBYISTS

FILE STATEMENTS OF EXPENDITURES DURING THE LAST SESSION OF ASSEMBLY.

Citizens of Dayton Spent Over \$13,000 to Prevent Amending the Conservancy Bill.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM)

Columbus, O., June 28.—The Dayton Citizens Relief committee spent \$13,566 to prevent passage of legislation amending the Vonderheide conservancy law during the last assembly, according to the statement of expenditures filed today with the secretary of state by Al. H. Bridge, assistant secretary of the committee.

Howard D. Mannington of Columbus, was paid \$5250; John A. Oldwyer of Toledo, \$4750; D. C. Pemberton of New Vienna, \$2120; and Joseph H. Dowling of Dayton, \$1150. The statement recorded these payments as "compensation."

Additional statements filed today showed the total sum spent by drugless healers' associations to secure passage of the Platt-Ellis bill, which legalizes their practice, exceeded \$4000. The Ohio Chiropractic Association paid its president, Dr. John H. Oswalt of Warren, \$1300, from which he paid expenses amounting to \$606. The Ohio Naturopathic Physicians' Association gave former State Representative Milton A. Warren of Millersburg, \$1010, and Don L. Tobin of Put-in-Bay, \$1133, according to the statement filed by Dr. W. J. Haney of Columbus.

Mayo Fesler, secretary of the Ohio Civil Service Association, spent \$234 for general expenses in connection with civil service legislation. R. F. Somerville of Columbus, grand secretary of the United Commercial Travelers, showed that organization had expended \$198 in efforts to prevent passage of the Thatcher 2½ cent railway fare bill.

The Cleveland Electric Illuminating company's statement, which was

not sworn to as the law requires, showed H. W. Wilson had been paid \$268 for lobby work. The American Express company paid \$559 to the law firm of Herrick and Hopkins, Cleveland, for legal services.

George E. Scott of Mt. Pleasant, did legislative work for the Ohio State Grange, was given \$187 and spent \$183 for expenses.

The Cleveland Electric Illuminating company paid \$968 to H. W. Wilson for looking after its interests.

Divorce Petition.

Fannie F. Brown has filed a divorce petition in common pleas court against Willis B. Brown. The petition recites that they were married just seven weeks ago today, Monday, May 10, and for cause of action states that shortly after the marriage defendant began to be abusive and cruel and accuse her of intimacy with other men; that he came home under the influence of liquor and was cross and abusive; that on June 23, he struck her knocking her off a chair and then choked her so she carried the marks for several days; that he has had local merchants refuse her credit and will not allow her to come to their home to live. Plaintiff asks for a divorce, alimony and all proper relief.

Admitted to Probate.

The will of David McKee, late of

Rev. Elizabeth A. Norris has been appointed executor.

Marriage Licenses.

Nelson T. White, farmer, and Miss Ruth M. Watkins, both of Pataskala, O.

Rolly J. Howell, stenographer, and Miss Sadie Garrison, milliner. Both of this city, Rev. H. Newton Miller of Columbus.

Jas. C. Howes, an oil worker of this city, and Miss Nellie C. Nethers, of Black Hand, O. Rev. W. H. Mitchell named to officiate.

William Vogelmeier, teamster, and Mrs. Margaret M. Lyon, both of this city.

In Common Pleas.

In common pleas court on Monday the court heard the testimony in the case of James W. McCrevey, on behalf of himself and others, vs. the Village of Utica.

Fred Glenn who grew up in the local Association but who has for the past two years been engaged as physical director at Zanesville, passed through the city Thursday on his way to Lake Geneva. When he returns he will become physical director of the Mount Vernon Y. M. C. A.

Harry Tinner, whose parents live

on Channel street leaves tonight to

spend a month in this training camp.

Harry has been General Secretary

of the Association in Nelsonville for

the past two years and will return

to the same position in the fall.

In the absence of Director Gallo-

way from the local Association the

work of the department will be un-

der the direction of Calvin Hazlett,

assisted by Charles Allen, both

graduates of the local High school.

The suit is brought to restrain the

letting of a contract for the paving

CRAMPS

**SEIZED SAM JOHNSON AGED 52
AND HE WAS DROWNED IN
CREEK**

**Faithful Terrier Attempted to Rescue
Master, and Then Mutely Called
Help.**

[Special to The Advocate]

Granville, June 28.—Raccoon creek claimed another victim yesterday morning in the person of Sam Johnson (leored) aged fifty-two years, who had resided with his brother, Harter Johnson for several years in Clousers Lane, very near to the creek. In accordance with his daily custom for some years past, Mr. Johnson left the house at half past four o'clock in the morning to look after his turtles. As usual he was accompanied by his faithful dog, a small terrier, contrary to his usual custom of returning in half an hour, however, the family grew somewhat uneasy when an hour had passed with no signs of his return. The appearance of the dog all wet and muddy, gave the alarm and immediately friends and neighbors of the unfortunate man ran to the creek to rescue him. No signs of him were found until the dog ran to the broken place in the bank where his master had stepped into a hole over ten feet in depth. A raft was hurriedly constructed and the creek was dragged until at half past nine o'clock the body was taken from the water. His watch had stopped at eight minutes before five, showing that he had been in the water for over four hours and a half. Unable to swim, and probably attacked by cranes, he was unable to help himself, even with the frantic efforts of the dog to rescue him. He was unmarried but is survived by several brothers and sisters. Mr. Harter Johnson is employed in the Everett glass works in Newark. Porter Johnson of Oatville, John Johnson and Walter (Enoch) Johnson of Granville, Mrs. Charles Paxon of Granville. Funeral services will be held at the home in Clousers Lane on Tuesday afternoon at two o'clock. Interment in Welsh Cemetery, corner W. L. Jackson viewed the body, and will render a verdict of accidental drowning.

The committee on athletics for the Fourth of July celebration in Granville has arranged the following program which should be of interest to the young people of the community: Tennis tournament, ball game, encase pie chase, potato races, three-legged race, sack races, potato races, dash, two-yards dash, four-yards dash, one-yard dash, potato race (for girls), fifty-yard dash (for girls), baseball throw, sack-step race, race for me over three relay race, automobile race. Prizes will be given in all these events, for first and second places. Some races are open to all, some races are limited to untrained athletes; some events

are for boys under 15. Prizes will be displayed in the window of George Piper's meat market. All automobile owners are requested to report to Mr. Roe Morrow, chairman of the parade committee. All organizations are urged to be represented in the procession.

Dr. George A. Dorsey of Chicago, who with his daughter, Miss Dorothy, has been spending a few days at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Dorsey, left for home last evening. Miss Dorothy Swartz is entertaining Miss Babb of Xenia and Miss Roudabush of Cincinnati at her home in Elm street.

The executive committee of the Baptist Women's Missionary Organization will meet at the home of Mrs. Robert Biggs in Burg street on Tuesday evening.

President Clark W. Chamberlain has returned from a trip to the East. While absent he attended the commencement exercises at Allegheny College, Meadville, Pa., commemorating the hundredth anniversary of that institution.

Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Jones who spent the past week in New York City, returned to their home on the Newark road Sunday.

Miss Mildred Hunt is spending the summer vacation at the home of her mother, Mrs. Helen Hunt in Park Drive.

GIVING OUT

The Struggle Discourages Many a Citizen of Newark.

Around all day with an aching back,
Can't rest at night;
Enough to make any one "give out."

Loan's Kidney Pills are helping thousands.

They are for kidney backache; And other kidney ills.

Here is Newark proof of their merit:

Mrs. W. Sherrard, 28 North Ave., Newark, says: "I had kidney complaint and suffered a great deal from my back. Often when I was doing my housework I had pains across my back and they were so severe that I had to lie down. I read about Doan's Kidney Pills and what they had done for others and decided to try them, securing a supply at Easie's Drug Store. Soon after using them, I was bettered. This was over a year ago and I haven't been troubled by kidney complaint since. Another of the family has used Doan's Kidney Pills with good results."

Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't delay ask for a kidney remedy—Get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same as Mrs. Sherrard had. Foster-Milburn Co., Prop., Buffalo, N. Y.

The Peking Daily News states that the Chinese Government proposes to publish a weekly gazette containing reports of the daily doings of the Government. This gazette is intended to be circulated among Chinese residents abroad.

Want a house? Read the Wants.

ARREST

MADE IN CONNECTION WITH ATTEMPT ON LIFE OF WEALTHY CANDYMAKER.

Washington Attorney Said to Have Been in Plot to Kill His Father-in-Law.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM]

Pittsburg, Pa., June 28.—George McHenry, a waiter of Washington, D. C., who was arrested there and brought here last night in connection with an attempt on the life of Franklin T. Schneider, a wealthy candy manufacturer in a hotel here last Thursday, was identified today by G. W. Morris, manager of the hotel, as having been a guest there the day Schneider was assaulted. McHenry and Thomas G. Forney, Washington attorney, who is alleged by the police to have confessed that he was implicated in the plot to kill Schneider, his father-in-law, will be given a hearing June 30 on charges of felonious assault and battery with attempt to kill. Forney is being closely guarded by the police as they believe he will attempt to take his life if he has an opportunity. He is said to be the son of Frank Forney, a wealthy farmer of Linton Mills, O., and to have had a brilliant record at the Ohio State University at Columbus, where he was educated.

Forney was taken to the county jail this morning where he will be held without bail until the hearing. He denied to the officers that he contemplated suicide, but they deposed him of his belt, garters and suspensory. Schneider, the police declared, would be the principal witness at the hearing.

AN ORATOR AT O. S. U.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM]

Columbus, June 28.—Forney was a student at Ohio State and attracted attention then because of his oratorical powers. He got his diploma, however, from Ohio Northern when he was the valedictorian of his class.

ANOTHER ARREST AT ATLANTIC CITY IN THE SCHNEIDER CASE

[ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM]

Atlantic City, N. J., June 28.—Harry C. Carlyle, 23, who is alleged to be involved in the Schneider case at Pittsburg, was taken into custody here this afternoon by Detective Charles Apple as he entered the post office. He is held for requestion.

Carlyle, aside from saying he is a chauffeur, will make no statement. He is held as a fugitive.

"AM CURED," SAYS JOHN P. JONES

North Fifth Street Man Tells How Nerv-Worth Made Him Clear Over.

Some time ago a convincing endorsement of Nerv-Worth given by John P. Jones of 251 North Fifth street, was printed in these columns. Mr. Jones had been the victim of nervous disorders and he reported having derived marked benefit from Nerv-Worth. Now he comes out with a supplementary statement which no one should miss reading. Here it is.

Newark, June 5, 1915.

The T. J. Evans Drug Store, City: Gentleman: I have taken three bottles of Nerv-Worth and am cured. Sometimes I have a little headache but then I take a dose or two of the remedy and the trouble is all over. No nervousness at all and I rest fine at night. Am in excellent health.

(Signed) John P. Jones. Coming from such a man and in such words could any evidence be more conclusive? Buy Nerv-Worth at the Evans Drug Store, Warden block, \$1 a bottle. Money back if it fails you.

Adv.

REESE, DENISON STAR, GETS TRIAL ON NEWARK CLUB

Dave Reese, star infielder of the Denison University baseball team, has signed for a trial at first with the Newark Buckeye League club, and probably will play in this afternoon's game against the Akron club. Reese helped to keep the Denison team in the ranks of the state's best college teams and it is believed that he will add strength to the club.

Newark and Akron clubs arrived here this morning for a three-game series at Wehrle Park. No double-headers will be played in this series as both clubs are hard pressed for conditioned pitchers. Newark's two double-headers in as many days has overburdened the pitching staff and was necessary to call upon Straw for relief work in Sunday's game.

Akron plays here Tuesday and Wednesday.

FILMS WILL SHOW NEWARK PEOPLE IN LORAIN PARADE

The local Aerie of Eagles has succeeded after a great deal of trouble and much expense, in securing the moving pictures of the recent Eagle parade at Lorain during the state convention. In the films are also shown views of the Newark Boosters at work in an effort to capture the delegates. They succeeded to a nicely and the big convention comes to Newark next year. The pictures are interesting, clear and distinct and will be shown at the Lyric theatre Wednesday and Thursday of this week. The proceeds of the entertainment will go into the convention fund, which will be used in entertaining the thousands of visitors who will be here next summer.

Mr. and Mrs. B. L. Kelly of Utica were guests of Mrs. Salesbury in High street on Saturday. He was indicted for murder.

Markets

[Toledo Grain]

[ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM]

Toledo, June 28.—Wheat, cash 1.22; July 1.95; Sept. 1.65; Dec. 1.07; Corn, cash 75¢; July 3.75; Sept. 75¢; Dec. 66¢.

Oats, cash 49¢; July 4.44; Sept. 3.94;

Rye, No. 2, 1.03; Oats, 1.21;

Oats July 3.41; Sept. 3.75;

Pork, July 16.50; Sept. 17.10;

Lard, July 9.30; Sept. 9.45;

Ribbs, July 16.35; Sept. 17.50.

Alaske, prime, cash, Aug. 88¢;

Timothy, prime, cash \$3.20; Sept. 3.45;

October \$3.35.

[Chicago Grain and Provisions]

[ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM]

Chicago, June 28.—Cattle: Receipts

1,600; 25¢ higher; top 85¢;

Hogs: Receipts 6,000; market 10 cts.

lower; prime, hams and bacon mixed

medium; medium, hams and pigs

8.9¢; 1.5¢.

Sheep and lambs: Receipts 7,500;

higher; top sheep 75¢; lambs 10.5¢;

Calves: Receipts 800; steady; top 11.00¢.

[Cleveland Live Stock]

[ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM]

Cleveland, June 28.—Cattle: Receipts

500; market 15¢ to 25¢ higher; choice

fat steers 8.25¢ to 8.75¢ fair to good 7.50

7.75¢ good to choice heifers 5.50

7.75¢ fair to good cows 5.00¢ to 6.25¢

6.25¢ market 25¢ to 30¢ higher; good to choice veal calves

19.00¢ to 19.50¢.

Sheep and lambs: Receipts 1,000;

market strong; good to choice lambs

9.00¢ to 9.50¢

Hogs: Receipts 6,000; market 5 cts.

lower; medium, hams and pigs

8.9¢; 1.5¢; steaks 3.75¢.

[Chicago Provisions]

[ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM]

Chicago, June 28.—Butter: Steady

cheese: Receipts 14,612 cases; at market 15¢ to 25¢ higher; choice

fat steers 8.25¢ to 8.75¢ fair to good 7.50

7.75¢ good to choice heifers 5.50

7.75¢ fair to good cows 5.00¢ to 6.25¢

6.25¢ market 25¢ to 30¢ higher; good to choice veal calves

19.00¢ to 19.50¢.

Butter and cheese Market

[Corrected by J. King Creamery Co.]

The butter and cheese prices for the week of June 28, 1915, at Creamery buttermilk and Creamery butter.

Potatoes: Unsalted, new 16¢; old 16¢; 6¢.

Onions: Unsalted, 15¢; salted, 18¢.

Arkansas and Oklahoma sacked, 14¢; 15¢; 16¢.

Michigan and Wisconsin white 18¢; 22¢.

Potatoes: Allis, steady, fowls 14¢

14¢; 15¢; 16¢.

Onions: 15¢; 16¢; 17¢.

Onions: 15¢;

Questions Put to the Many Applicants for County Certificates

Following is the list of questions as prepared under direction of the state superintendent of public instruction and submitted at the county examinations for teachers June 25 for elementary school certificates:

ARITHMETIC.

1. A tank which is two feet deep is three feet wide and fourteen feet in extreme length, but the ends are semi-circular. How many gallons does it hold when filled within an inch of the rim?

2. A piece of machinery is sold for \$97.20 when sold at a discount of 25%, 10% and 10%. What is its list price?

3. A man willed 40% of his estate to a college, 50% of the remainder to a hospital, and willed that what remained be divided among his three children in proportion to their ages. Their ages were 32, 25 and 20. What was the share of the youngest, if the estate netted \$27,000?

4. A field twice as long as wide contains 1.8 acres. Find the length in feet.

5. What principal on simple interest at 5% for 9 yr. 5 mo. 6 da. will amount to \$831.49?

6. If 1886 oz. avoirdupois, of oil were required for 5 similar automobiles working 80 days at 150 miles per day, how many days (whole no. only) should 430 pounds of oil suffice for 8 similar machines in like service, but working 220 miles per day?

7. A man bought a horse and sold it at a loss of 20%; with the proceeds he bought another which he sold at a gain of 12 1/2%; with those proceeds he bought a third horse and this one he sold for \$247.50 at a gain of 25%. What did he pay for the first?

8. How many revolutions does a forty-inch wheel make in going a half mile?

AGRICULTURE.

1. What advantages are there in using mules rather than horses? For what service especially are mules preferred? What advantages have horses over mules?

2. What are some of the farmer's defenses against the effects of drought?

3. Give the life history of some insect, other than the codling moth, which is injurious to the orchard or farm. State the best way of checking the pest.

4. How is turnip seed produced? What are such plants called? Give suggestions on the soil to be chosen for turnips. For what are they used?

5. Discuss the economy of using fertilizers. What is the cheapest way of providing needed fertilizer? What are the chief mineral fertilizers?

6. Explain how apple trees are propagated and treated until ready to set out in the orchard.

7. What causes milk to sour? What several cautions must be observed to avoid it? What chiefly determines the value of milk?

8. Why should the farmer take a great interest in good roads?

HISTORY.

1. What was Washington's theory of appointing to office? Jackson's? When was civil service inaugurated in the United States? When in our State?

2. Give an account of Washington's trip to Fort Duquesne, first stating carefully the purpose.

3. When England and France were at war in the opening years of the nineteenth century, what measures did our government take with a view to protecting our shipping and avoiding further complications? With what result?

4. Name the thirteen original states. What were the three first admitted after the Union was formed? In a few words

IN SUCH PAIN WOMAN CRIED

Suffered Everything Until Restored to Health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Florence, So. Dakota.—"I used to be very sick every month with bearing down pains and backache, and had a headache a good deal of the time and very little appetite. The pains were so bad that I used to sit right down on the floor and cry, because it hurt me so and I could not do any work at those times. An old woman advised me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I got a bottle. I felt better the next month so I took three more bottles of it and got well so I could work all the time. I hope every woman who suffers like I did will try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."—Mrs. P. W. LANSING, Box 8, Ally, Wash.

Why will women continue to suffer day in and day out or drag out a sickly, half-hearted existence, missing three-fourths of the joy of living, when they can find health in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound?

For thirty years it has been the standard remedy for female ills, and has restored the health of thousands of women who have been troubled with such ailments as displacements, inflammation, ulceration, tumors, irregularities, etc.

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

state how each of them came to be ready so early for statehood.

5. On what occasion did our country have trouble with Canada? What overt act was committed? What other disagreements with Canada have been settled by arbitration or treaty?

6. How did the United States come into possession of Porto Rico?

7. How did our government make possible the first railroad to the Pacific? What is its route? When was it completed?

8. Trace briefly the rise and migrations of the Mormons.

THEORY AND PRACTICE.

(Take two of the groups below entire.) Group A. (Based on Pearson's *The Evolution of the Teacher*.)

1. Give two examples of attaining an end indirectly by tactful conduct or comment.

2. Into what two divisions does the author divide aims? What are some of the important aims to which he calls attention?

3. "The problem element in teaching" is one of the most important topics treated in this book. Show its importance.

4. Show the necessity of proceeding from what a pupil knows.

Group B. (Based on Betts and Hall's *Better Rural Schools*.)

1. What is necessary that a teacher may effectively overcome opposition to progress in the rural schools?

2. To what extent and with what purpose should the teacher participate in the pupils' play?

3. What should the teacher and the school do to raise prevailing low hygienic standards?

4. Discuss the statement: "There is no excuse today for expending public funds in the erection of rural buildings of the old type."

Group C. (Based on no particular text.)

1. Speak of the importance and value of giving encouragement.

2. Discuss the importance of correct speech, and the methods of securing it.

3. What is the value of rest periods? When should they come? What should they be their length, and how should they be employed by teacher and by pupils?

4. Write a paragraph on "Quiet in the Schoolroom."

GEOGRAPHY.

1. Name 5 of the provinces of Canada. What is the capital of Canada? The chief Pacific port?

2. In what states of the United States is fishing a leading industry? Tell how the industry is pursued in each, the chief species of fish, and the city most prominently identified with it.

3. What and where are 8 of the following: Monte Carlo, Colon, St. Pierre, the Manxmen, the Antilles, Tierra del Fuego, the Golden Gate, Middle Park, the Garden of the Gods, Sao Francisco, the Rialto, Westminster Abbey?

4. Show what effect, owing to the industries pursued and the commerce, the possible isolation during the war, will have upon the sustenance of Switzerland and the ability of its people to make a living.

5. Give an account of the interests which England, Germany and Italy, respectively, have in Africa.

6. Locate Korea, Mongolia and Manchuria. What are the chief ports of China and Japan? From what concessions did Japan drive out Germany?

7. Give an account of Peru—surface, climate, industries, products, chief city, classes of people inhabiting it, government.

8. Mention at least three streams of the United States which afford water-power and a city at which it is utilized. Where is the large new plant for utilizing Mississippi water power and what is the method? How is Niagara's water-power utilized?

READING.

The examination in reading is oral. The examiner will conduct the examination following any plan desired.

PHYSIOLOGY.

1. What bad effects come from unclean or decayed teeth?

2. Describe the pulmonary circulation.

3. Explain the nature of tuberculosis. How is it communicated? What part can the teachers take in its prevention?

4. What is the location and importance of the appendix?

5. Explain how a muscle acts in making a bone move.

6. Explain how mustard plasters and other burning preparations relieve a cold in the chest.

7. Tell of the source of saliva, the organs for its secretion and discharge, and its purpose and action.

8. How is the heat of the body kept up? What helps cool it in hot weather?

GRAMMAR.

1. Decline who. Place the proper form in each of these sentences: (a)

He — you thought guilty has been selected as a teacher of Latin and General History in the Norwalk High school

Licenses to wed have been issued to Frank R. Hunter and Catherine Willey; Corrington Williams and Estelle T. Morrow.

The Purple Bag society of the First Presbyterian church will give a lawn party at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John C. Hamilton, 120 North Fifth street.

Mrs. Carl Norpell and children leave today for Duluth, Minn., where they will spend the summer.

3. Explain the grammatical use of each italicized word in the following sentences: He seems ill. Such language sounds bad. The girl's dress became worn. To do this looks easy. He appeared promptly. The coat fits well.

4. Explain the use of weak and captain in the following sentences as you would explain to a class: His illness made him weak. They elected Edwards captain.

5. Put in capitals and punctuate: You mustn't blame yourself John she said gently it is I who deserve all the blame. Why he said why Because not for the reason you said but for something else it is impossible she said. Have your people found it out do they forbid it be asked.

6. Give a complete analysis. That

one had struck a note of personal animosity which was a disgrace to the paper for which he wrote.

7. Give a complete synopsis of the verb delay in the third person, plural.

8. What is meant by a parenthetical expression? A pleonastic expression?

ORTHOGRAPHY.

1. Mark diacritically discern, hostile, character, dessert, symphony, sanctuary, ethereal, grandeur, recalcitrant, marine.

2. Define diphthong, triphthong, di-graph, tri-graph, aspirate.

3. Give plurals of sheep, calf, cannon, tomato, sife, archduke, noble, Jones, data, attorney.

4. Spell and define: retrieve, renegade, horizon, generation, discordant, accessible, presumptuous, deface, venerable, vagrant.

5. Spell: resistance, fragrance, murmur, emerald, gorgeous, rapture, breath, precious, harmonious, pursuing, labyrinth, zephyr, marriage, explicit, fragrant, philosophic, license, predatory, limousine, allopathy, resuscitate, Sacramento, Deuteronomy, rhododendron.

HIGH SCHOOL AGRICULTURE.

1. What treatments should be given soggy land to make it arable?

2. What are the economic results of the rapid increase in the value of good farm land? What are some causes of the rise? Suggest what may be done to avoid loss from the inflated values.

3. Discuss the question of available and unavailable fertility. What renders the latter the former?

4. Give an outline of the ways in which the farmer's time can be profitably employed in winter.

5. How old is each of the principal species of fruit trees when it first bears?

6. How can you tell the temperature of the soil? What sorts of soil are warmer? What temperature is needed to promote the growth of grain?

7. Make a diagram of a model poultry house.

8. Why is winter wheat almost exclusively cultivated in this state? What are the chief sources of injury to wheat?

DARKEN GRAY HAIR, EASY, SAFE

Apply Q-Ban—Not a Dye—Acts on Roots.

If your hair is gray, streaked with gray, prematurely gray, faded or falling, simply apply Q-Ban Hair Color Restorer to hair and scalp, a few times, rubbing it in gently with the finger tips, nothing else required.

It is wonderful by making your gray hair dark, soft, fluffy, silky, thick, giving the hair that dark, fascinating lustre and abundance which makes the hair so attractive. Q-Ban is not sticky or messy; harmless. Also stops dandruff, falling hair or itchy scalp. Guaranteed to darken gray hair or no charge. Try it. Big 7-oz. bottle only 50c, at R. W. Smith's drug store, Newark, O. Out of town folks supplied by mail.

WARDEN ON DUTY FIRST TIME SINCE WIFE WAS KILLED

ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM

Joliet, Ills., June 28.—Edmund M. Allen, warden of the penitentiary here, planned to assume his official duty at the prison today. It will be the first time he has stepped within the prison walls since the body of his wife was found in her apartments a week ago yesterday. The exhumation of the body and the re-opening of the inquest was still in doubt today. W. D. Heise, former state's attorney who conducted the inquest, said that he had arranged to make a time schedule of all facts in the murder and of the movements of the convicts who with "Chicken Joe" Campbell are under suspicion.

25 Years Ago

(From Advocate, June 28, 1890.)

Mr. Jake Theurer is confined to his home with a severe illness.

Mr. M. W. Bean of Troszak's art gallery, is nursing two burnt thumbs, the injuries being received while taking a photograph by flash light.

Mr. Joseph Meister, a well known drayman of this city, was overcome by the heat yesterday, and had to be taken to his home.

Miss May Wiegel was the recipient of a delightful surprise at her home in the South End.

15 YEARS AGO TODAY.

(From Advocate, June 28, 1900.)

Miss Carrie Allen has been selected

as a teacher of Latin and General History in the Norwalk High school

Licenses to wed have been issued to

Frank R. Hunter and Catherine Willey; Corrington Williams and Estelle T. Morrow.

The Purple Bag society of the First

Presbyterian church will give a lawn

party at the home of Mr. and Mrs.

John C. Hamilton, 120 North Fifth

street.

Mrs. Carl Norpell and children leave

today for Duluth, Minn., where they

will spend the summer.

50 Years Ago Today.

June 28.

Discovery of the second and

main source of the Nile, at Lake

Albert Nyanza

Expert Advice For the Automobile Owner

Queries and Replies Covering Matters of Importance to the Man Who Runs a Car

How will incorrect wiring affect a motor?

The effect of incorrect wiring on the motor depends on how the wires are misplaced. For instance, if the high tension cables were changed around so that no one of them went to the right plug it would be impossible to run the motor, although an occasional explosion might be obtained. If two or three of the high tension wires were interchanged, but one or more were left on the correct plugs, then the motor would run on the cylinders in which the latter were. Where a dual system is employed the wires of a battery system may sometimes be misplaced without interfering with the operation of the magneto and vice versa. As a rule, however, the changing of the wires will result in the whole ignition system becoming inoperative.

Does an engine deliver more or less power to wheels with a friction transmission and chain drive than through the ordinary bevel gears?

The efficiencies of the sliding gear set with the shaft drive and the friction transmission with chain drive are approximately equal on the higher gear ratios, but when the friction wheel is brought near the center of the disk the slippage of the inside edge of the wheel, due to the small circle it is traveling on, causes a power loss that is greater than when the low gear of the sliding gear set is engaged.

Assuming that an automobile stands in a garage 80 per cent out of each twenty-four hours, what would be the saving in casing expense providing the car was put on jacks and kept off the tires during the time it was not in use?

The amount of money you might save by jacking up the wheels when the car is not in use is too small to be measured, providing there is no oil or water on the garage floor that might cause the rubber to deteriorate. The reduction in pressure and consequent lessened strain on the casings when this is done is almost infinitesimal, although it is popularly supposed that relieving the tires from the burden of supporting the car must necessarily relieve them from just that much strain and that therefore they will wear longer if the car is jacked up. The reduction in pressure when this is done is exactly inversely proportional to the increase in volume of the tube. When the tire is supporting the car weight it flattens slightly and one might say, imperceptibly, if the tires are pumped up as hard as they should be. The flattening of the tire causes a small decrease in the volume of the air in the tube and therefore when the tire is raised off the ground it regains its normal shape and normal volume. It is obvious that this small change in volume will not affect the pressure to any extent, since the decrease in pressure is inversely proportional to the increase in volume. And since the decrease in pressure is almost incommeasurable the lessened strain and consequent staying in tire cost is incalculable.

Is there any good preparation for polishing the body of an automobile which will not harm the varnish or paint?

It is not advisable to use polish of any sort on the body. If the finish has become dull have the body revarnished. The only rejuvenator worthy of consideration is soap and water, and some body makers condone the soap, advising the use of water only. However, there is little harm in using lukewarm water and soap, provided the soap is not too strong. In cleaning the body first wash the dust off with a hose and do not apply a sponge or cloth until the mud has been removed. Then sponge the body with soap and water and finally rinse with a hose until the soapy water has been entirely removed. Then wipe dry with chamois. If this advice is followed there will be no need of using any body polish, as the varnish will hold its luster almost indefinitely.

The brake on my car has been dragging for some time. Will this cause the tire to wear more rapidly?

Inasmuch as the dragging brake retards the free movement of the wheel, the tire is made to wear out more quickly than normally. Especially is this so when the brake is applied. The principal detriment, however, lies in the increased work imposed on the motor, which causes it to heat quickly.

Our car has a unit power plant using one grade of oil for crank case, multiple disk clutch and gear set. The oiling system is circulating splash with pump. Can we use graphite in our power plant? If so, how much graphite to the gallon of cylinder oil, and what make?

Use one teaspoonful of flake graphite to each quart of oil. Do not throw the graphite in loose, but mix it into a soft paste first and then add it to the oil. In buying the graphite be careful to obtain a good motor graphite as some graphites are not suited for motor lubrication. Some are too coarse, others to fine and some contain grit. Therefore be certain you obtain a good motor graphite.

Good Printing is as essential to your business as a clean store. Let us show you

LABOR

GETS TWO-THIRDS AND CAPITAL ONE-THIRD OF NET EARNINGS OF MANUFACTURES.

Committee Appointed by Civic Federation to Probe Question Makes Its Report.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM]

New York, June 28.—A committee on the division of the people's income, appointed by the civic federation, in a report today asserted that two-thirds of the net earnings from manufactures go to wage-earners, while one-third goes to capital. Out of this one-third, the report states, the capitalists must provide for depreciation.

The members of the committee were: W. J. Pape of Waterbury, Conn.; Professor John B. Clark of Columbia University, and the Rev. John A. Ryan of St. Paul's seminary, St. Paul, Minn. Their report says:

"The trap into which so many who undertake to reason from the census have fallen, lies in the hasty assumption that the gross product of manufacturing industries is the measure of the wealth produced."

"From the \$2420, the average value of each worker's annual output must be deducted \$1395 for materials, leaving \$1025, or represent the added value given raw materials in manufacturing."

After capital has paid taxes, rents, royalties, insurance, and similar charges, the committee said there remains \$889 to be divided between owners and employees of which labor gets \$590, or 66.4 per cent, while capital gets \$299, or 33.6 per cent.

What is the cause of motors failing to pick up, misfire, etc., after slowing down for a short distance?

Quite often loading up of fuel in the inlet passages causes this condition, but more frequently poor carburetor adjustment. A carburetor, especially one with two jets, can be adjusted for quick pick up.

I have a four cylinder motor in which the crank shaft is slightly out of alignment. Is it practical to use this shaft as it is?

If the crankshaft is out of alignment so that it is noticeable in engine operation, it will pay to have the shaft repaired, if that is possible, or have a new shaft installed. You can overcome the difficulty for awhile by taking up the misalignment in the bearings, but with the crank shaft itself sprung, the trouble will return.

Should the use of hard water, containing lime, in the radiator of a car be avoided?

Water containing lime should be avoided. Use rain water instead. Water with any considerable amount of salts, whether soluble or insoluble, should not be used.

Under ordinary conditions about what length of service in miles should the three speed selective type of gearset give before needing replacement or becoming excessively noisy?

A gear set usually operates for more than 100,000 miles before it needs attention, and many have been run more than this without requiring more than a change of oil.

When my car is standing and the engine is running with the brakes set there is a knock in the gears. What causes this?

You state that there is a knock in the gears when the motor is running idle, but you do not say whether you mean the timing gears or the gears in the gear box. If it is the timing gears that are making the noise the trouble must be caused either by the gears being loose on their shafts or else the bearings are loose. In order to find where the trouble is it will be necessary to go over the motor. If the knock is in the gears in the gear box it must be caused by loose bearings.

Will you please tell me whether in making connection between two wires it is preferable to splice the wires or loop the ends and hook the loops together?

Splicing the wires has the advantage of making a joint that is compact. Such a joint takes up very little more space than the wire itself, and a spliced joint is also very easy to insulate, as it can be very readily wrapped with tape. This joint makes a good electrical connection and also is more flexible than the loop type. The main advantage of the loop joint is that it is not so easily pulled apart.

Is there any amount of current consumed for ignition constant or do different engine speeds or different road conditions cause it to vary?

The consumption of current is proportional to the motor speed. For instance, at 600 revolutions twice as many sparks are required as at 300. However, no more current is required to produce a single spark at 600 or 3000 for that matter than is required at 300.

My car gives me a lot of trouble through overheating. I am unable to run over eight or ten miles before the water boils in the radiator. The timing is right the fan works properly, also the pump. There is no obstruction in water lines, and there seems to be nothing wrong in the timing or water circulation. The magneto is advanced as far as possible and I am using a lean mixture. What is the matter?

You have named practically all the conditions that might cause overheating, yet since the trouble is still there it would seem that the search has not been thorough enough. Overheating may be due to a defect in the cooling system, rich mixture, retarded spark, improper lubrication or incorrect valve timing and possibly a slipping clutch or excessive friction in the chassis. Under the first head there are several places where there might be difficulty. First determine that the water is circulating properly by emptying enough water out of the system to uncover the return connection to the top of the radiator. Then with the motor running note whether the water flows freely. If it does not, fill the radiator full of water and run the motor until the water boils. Then feel the various parts of the cooling system, noting the relative temperatures. For instance, if there is an obstruction in the return water header, such as a piece of loose rubber, the water on one side of the obstruction will be hot and on the other cool. Similarly, if the pump is not operating, due to a broken vane or a sheared pin that holds the vane to the shaft, then the return header will be very hot, while the lower part of the radiator and the connection from thence to the pump will be cool. If the radiator is clogged up, the top should be very hot and the bottom cooler than usually. It may be that the fan belt is too loose.

At The Newark Wall Paper Co. Direct from Factory to You

"A Rubber Chain Tread built on a Powerful Modern Tire"



These are today the acknowledged "Big-Mileage," Popular-Priced Tires. These are the tires that are the newest and biggest sensation of the Automobile World

"Chain Tread" Tires are today acknowledged to be the real "big-mileage," popular-priced tires—but you don't need to take our word for this—simply check the cost-per-mile of "Chain Treads" by keeping one of our Tire Record Blanks.

These Tire Records—in black and white—will prove every claim we make for these sensational tires.

"Chain Tread" Tires

Safety experts acknowledge our rubber chain tread, built on this powerful modern tire, to be an absolutely marvelous anti-skid device.

"Chain Treads" are not simply a fancy design stamped on a tire—they are real anti-skid tires. Send your name and address, for a set of Free Tire Record Blanks, to United States Tire Company, New York City.

"Chain Tread" Tires are sold by Leading Reliable Dealers. Do not accept substitutes



United States Tires

Made by the Largest Rubber Company in the World
(Operating 46 Factories)

If You Want to Sell That House, an Advocate Ad Will Do It

VICE-PRESIDENT THOMAS R. MARSHALL'S EXPOSITION MESSAGE TO THE NATION

THE VICE-PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES, AFTER SPENDING FIVE DAYS AT THE PANAMA-PACIFIC INTERNATIONAL EXPOSITION, SAN FRANCISCO, INITIATED THE FOLLOWING MESSAGE TO THE PEOPLE OF THE NATION, CONTAINING HIS APPRECIATION OF THIS GREATEST OF ALL WORLD'S EXPOSITIONS:

"The stages of my life seem to have been marked by national expositions. My young manhood began with the Centennial. Maturity was marked by the Columbian and the Louisiana Purchase. And now the sunset years bring me to this marvel of the Republic upon the shores of the sunset seas.

"So often have I thought I saw the Pillars of Hercules inscribed with their 'ne plus ultra', that I hesitate to say that I have reached them. But they who builded this Panama-Pacific Exposition were so wise in adopting all the good features and avoiding those which marred the preceding ones that to me it seems as near perfection as the mind and hand of man have ever wrought.

"Whoever car, even at a sacrifice of something which for the moment appears necessary, should come to see a real work of art never equaled even by a mirage.

"If there be anyone in America with a thirst for knowledge and for beauty and a longing for a liberal education such an one can here obtain it.

"This is the university of the world. It has a chair fully endowed to meet the wants and needs of each. The eye, the ear, the mind, the heart, the soul each may have its horizon here enlarged.

"I came to bear a message. I remained to become a student. I leave the feet of this Gamaliel of all expositions THOMAS R. MARSHALL."

WALL PAPER

At The Newark Wall Paper Co. 1c Per Roll

Newark Wall Paper Co.

News in Brief

MASONIC TEMPLE

Corner Church and Fourth Sts.

CALENDAR

Acme Lodge F. & A. M., No. 554.

Thursday, July 8, 7 p. m., Regular.

Newark Lodge, No. 97 F. & A. M.

Friday, July 2, 7:30 p. m., Regular.

Warren Chapter, No. 6, R. A. M.

Wednesday, June 30, 7 p. m.

Work in Royal Arch.

Monday, July 5, 7:30 p. m., Regular.

St. Luke's Commandery, No. 34 K. T.

Tuesday, June 29 at 7:30 p. m.

Regular election.

Bigelow Council, R. & S. M., No. 7.

Wednesday, July 7, 7:30 p. m.

Regular.

Loyal Order of Moose.

Licking Lodge, No. 499, will meet

every Thursday evening at 7:30

o'clock.

MAZDA PROGRAM

TONIGHT

"TAP, TAP, TAP," a Lubin special feature in 2 acts. "WM. BLINK OF BOHEMIA," Vitagraph comedy.

TOMORROW

"HEARTS AND THE HIGHWAY," Vitagraph Broadway star feature in 3 parts. Historical drama of adventure during the Reign of King James II of England, from Rev. Cyrus Townsend Brady's novel of the same name. The cast "LILLIAN WALKER," DARWIN KARR, DONALD HALL, ROGERS LYTTON, CHAS. KENT, ROSE TAPLEY." Supported with all stars.

Admission 10cts., afternoon and evening.

At the Movies

EXTRA! EXTRA!



Motion pictures of the Eagles state convention at Lorain, showing the parade, the large crowds that visited the city, and the Newark boosters at work, will be shown at the Lyric theatre, Wednesday and Thursday. The Eagles convention will be held in Newark next year and will be a big event.

6-28-1

MASONIC PARADE AT THE GRAND TOMORROW. NOT A GLIMPSE, BUT ALL OF IT.

It

Genuine Palm Beach Suits in regular, stouts and slims \$7.50. Mitchell & Miracle.

6-28-2t

Refused to Prosecute.

An affidavit for a peace warrant filed by a woman Saturday night, charging that her husband threatened to kill her and commit suicide, resulted in the man's arrest, but when the case was called Monday the wife failed to appear to testify against her husband. The charge was dismissed.

Sent to Workhouse.

Margaret Franklin, arrested Saturday night on a charge of drunk and disorderly conduct, was fined \$25 and costs in police court, Monday morning, and ordered committed to the Columbus workhouse. She was taken to Columbus Monday. Six other drunks drew nominal fines.

Tried to Sell Shoes.

Police Chief Sheridan, Monday morning, arrested a man giving his name as John Shannon, and his residence as Buffalo, N. Y., and registered him "investigation." The man was trying to sell a pair of shoes in Walnut street. He claimed he purchased the shoes in Zanesville for 30 cents.

Wool Stolen.

A man giving his name as Snyder, living two miles south of Stadden's Field, reported to the police, Monday morning, that thieves entered his barn, probably Sunday night, and stole a dozen fleeces of fine wool. There is no clue to the robbery. The value of the wool is uncertain, there being no market for it. That stolen was worth probably \$25 to \$35.

Boys Return From Camp.

Y. M. C. A. Physical Director Galloway and Assistant Calvin Hazlett returned, Saturday morning, from the boys' camp on the Hebron road. Twenty-two boys had the pleasure of spending nine days in tents, and under the direction of sufficient and competent leaders. Many of the boys had sunburnt faces and shoulders, but they had an excellent time. Many parents visited the camp while the boys were there. They helped to make the camp more enjoyable by taking with them baskets of goodies. The boys all look forward to a bigger and better camp next year.

Foreign-Born Citizens.

Marion Marion and Pantilamon Chima, and other leaders among the Rumanian people report that their people are making special preparations for Americanization Day. They are making preparations to bring a band from Youngstown, O., to lead them in the parade. Other foreign people are also planning to take part in the exercises. The committee urges all patriotic organizations to participate on this day.

Missionary Society.

Mrs. George Adams of South Madison, will entertain the ladies of the Missionary Society at her home, Thursday afternoon, July 1.

Fined for Assault.

M. L. Sweetzer was arrested Saturday night on a charge of assault, following an altercation at Eleventh and West Main street. He was fined \$5 and costs in police court Monday morning. He paid the amount.

Meeting Postponed.

The meeting of the Brotherhood of the First M. E. Church announced for tonight has been postponed.

Again Postponed.

As announced in the Advocate last Friday, the debate on Woman suffrage at Wilkins Corners has again been postponed until Friday night,

6-28-1

1000 FEET OF FILM, SHOWING THE MASONIC PARADE AT THE GRAND TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY. ADMISSION 10 CENTS. 1t

Chalybeate Spring Water is pure.

For prompt deliveries call Auto

Phone 1318, or Bell 741-R. Office

86 1/2 W. Main, opposite Advocate office.

4-16-dt

Dr. A. V. Davis, Dentist.

Tooth extracted without pain. Of

See 15 1/2 West Main street, opposite

Advocate office.

4-16-dt

REFRIGERATORS AT DISCOUNT PRICES—THE SPERRY-HARRIS CO.

6-28-1

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the

Signature of

Castorina

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

July 2, but we are assured that the longer it is put off and the offender is postponed from week to week the bigger an affair it will be in the end.

Returns From Vacation.

Headquarters Officer James Donnelly, has returned to duty after an enjoyable two weeks vacation. Patrolman James Gorman started Monday on his vacation.

Found Jewelry.

Robert Zergiebel found a package of jewelry in front of his place of business at 86 South Second street, Monday morning.

W. H. C. Meeting.

There will be a called meeting of Lemerit Relief Corps on Wednesday June 30, at 2:00 o'clock. Every member is kindly requested to attend to hear the report of the delegate.

Thank You.

T. W. Cully writes from Soda Springs, Idaho: "The Advocate is surely a pleasure. It is the first thing opened here at the ranch after the stage goes through every day."

Attended Services.

The Order of Eastern Star attended services at the Plymouth Congregational church last evening and heard a splendid sermon by Rev. Grover R. Diehl.

6-28-2t

Plans and specifications for the erection of a grandstand at the Fair grounds will be on file at the secretary's office convention room of the courthouse, Saturday, July 3, 1915.

All bids are required to be handed in to E. B. Dugdeon, secretary, by July 10, 1915, by 4 p. m.

The LICKING COUNTY AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

T. E. Adams, Pres.

6-28-dt

F. B. Dugdeon, Sec.

Celery Plants.

Leave your order for celery plants,

late Cabbage and Tomato plants at Kent Bros. Flower Store.

6-28-1

Genuine Palm Beach Suits in regular, stouts and slims \$7.50. Mitchell & Miracle.

6-28-2t

350 lbs. of ice free with each refrigerator at Gleichen's

8-23-tf

LICKING CREAMERY BUTTER.

10-7-df

HUERTA

(Continued from Page 1.)

terests who have been keeping themselves informed, say Iturbide accepted.

In view of this information, officials are puzzled to know just how much of an active part Huerta intended to take in a movement on Mexican soil, although they have no doubt that at least he intended to take charge of affairs on the border that in connection it is known that for weeks a party of prominent Mexicans, styled by the Carranza and Villa adherents, "Huertistas" and "Científicos" have been maintaining an active junta in El Paso, in constant communication with General Huerta and other members of the exile colony in New York, and maintained among themselves the form of a provisional government with a president and members of a cabinet. Advice to Mexicans here have continually indicated that the junta was planning some definite move.

Secretary Lansing disclosed today that the initiative had been taken by the department of justice. He

declined to say whether any consideration of American policy was involved, but it is known that the United States intends that no more revolutionary elements shall be introduced into the Mexican situation and that as far as possible, there will be vigorous prosecution of all other Mexicans who may be planning to set about military expeditions from the United States.

Assistant Attorney General Warren made it clear that the agencies of the department of justice are being directed not alone against Huerta and Orozco, but against all other offenders affiliated with all Mexican factions who now are under indictment. Officials of the department of justice were much surprised to learn that Huerta and Orozco had been released on bail, and ordered that a close watch be kept on them.

The state department's dispatch said General Carranza was rushing troop trains from Vera Cruz to the capital, that fighting, at the hour the courier started, still was going on in the outskirts of Mexico City and that repetition of the "tragedy ten days" which preceded the overthrow of Madero with probably added horrors was feared.

Details of the arrest of General

Victoriano Huerta and Gen. Orozco, charged with conspiracy to violate American neutrality laws in attempting to set about a new revolutionary movement in Mexico from the territory of the United States, were received today by the department of justice.

Despite the declaration of General

Huerta that he would never enter

Mexico again at the head of an armed force and would not return to his country until peace had been restored, federal officials did not relax their vigilance in watching the movements of the former president.

A large crowd that gathered at his daughter's home continued to shout

"Vivas" for Huerta until long after

midnight.

As to the legal phases of Huerta's

arrest, there was no action looked for until July 1, the date set for the Huerta-Orozco hearing.

General Huerta, enroute to El

Paso, left El Paso Southwestern

train No. 1 at Newman, N. M., in

tending to complete the 20-mile trip

by automobile with General Pascual

Orozco and Major Luis Fuentes.

Instead, the former president was

invited to accompany United States

officials to the federal building for a

conference with representatives of

the department of justice. The trip

to the city was made under guard

of the Fifteenth United States cavalry,

under Colonel George H. Morgan,

Huerta made no objection.

News of Huerta's arrival spread

rapidly and so great a crowd gathered

around the federal building that

on request of Mayor Lea, federal and

military officials agreed to take the

two officers to Fort Bliss, pending

action by the department of justice

representatives. Both were released

and Huerta in conference with news-

papermen, expressed his appreciation of the courtesy shown him.

Until President Wilson returns from

his trip to Cornish, N. H., it is un-

likely that there will be any new

steps in the government's policy to-

ward Mexico. In fact, while there is

a delicate situation with Ger-

many, it is said in well-informed

circles that the

American government is unwilling

to re-enter into Mexico.

Ridapile Cones remove the cause by killing

the germs. The Cones exert a healing

and purifying action and a trial brings immediate

relief.

Ridapile Cones do not contain OPIUM, MOR-

PHINE, COCAINE, or other NARCOTICS.

PRICE 50¢. AND \$1.00

Smith's Drug Store.

City Drug Store.

Frank D. Hall's.

To prove the merit of Ridapile

Cones write for free trial sample to

Germidol Products Corporation, 184

East 23rd Street, N. Y.

Want a house? Read the Wants.

THE NEWARK DAILY ADVOCATE.

PALE BEAUTY FADES

Summer Wash Materials

There's nothing so cool for summer wear as a dainty dress made of a pretty wash material. The materials are all here. In white, embroidered batiste, corduroy, gauze, gaberdine, novelty voiles in checks, bengal cloth, in the colors, flowered lace cloths, black and white striped voiles, seed voiles, woven stripe crepes, holly batistes, etc.

Special Sale on Dress Linens 44c yd

Unusual values in 45 inch linens in the Ramie crash and non-crushable linen, in lavender, old rose, tan, pink, brown, mahogany, open, French linen in pink, rose and green. Peter Thompson linens in blue. Linens ranging in price from 75c to \$1.00 yard are in this special showing at 44c yard

The New Silks at 50c yd.

In wide awning stripe, candy stripe, large polka dot, and Dresden floral are all the rage for summer waists. The colors are beautiful and these materials make such cool waists for the hot weather 36 inches wide and only 50c yard

For Summer Suits and Separate Skirts

Real Beach Cloth

It's the much wanted material for summer, light in weight and shedding dust easily. A beautiful closely woven fabric in natural color.

31 inch Beach Cloth 50c and 60c yard

32 inch Beach Cloth \$1.00 and \$1.25

Georgette Crepes \$1.50 yd.

A beautiful quality, extra heavy, 40 inches wide for waists and dresses. Ivory cream, buttercup, navy, pink and black are colors for selection at \$1.50 yard

Beautiful Wash Silks 98c yd.

An unusual quality wash silk 30 inches wide in both habutai and crepe finish. All colors stripes on white ground in plain and fancy stripes. \$1.50 value for 98c yard

Bengaline Crepes

36 inches wide and double faced. A splendid material for summer dresses and suits. Colors such as Putty, Sand and Belgian blue. \$1.50 quality 98c yard

Summer Hats For Children \$1 each

Bring the little girls in and let them select their summer hat from the many pretty styles in one line. Hand embroidered white pique, with fancy bands, wash hats made of swiss or crepe and lace and ribbon trimmings. Straw hats in Milan and fancy weaves in white, sand, open, navy and black. You will find some beautiful hats at \$1.00 each

Select Your Summer Waists From Our 98 cents Line



D. H. Mazey Company

BURGLARS

(Continued from Page 1.) A very few minutes a half dozen men in the neighborhood had responded and while some of them made a hurried search of the back alleys and yards, others sent in a hurry call for the police.

Police Chief Sheridan and Captain Hager with Headquarters Officer Stewart were at the McCleery home within five minutes and after getting a description of the men and the directions they took, the officers made a hurried search of the west end of the city, covering the distance in an automobile. The search was without results.

Men in the neighborhood made a search of the house and of the yards and alleys in the neighborhood but failed to come across any suspicious characters.

An investigation made by Mrs. McCleery and Mrs. Bragg revealed the fact that the thieves got away with three valuable watches, several necklaces, some rings and \$5 in money. Some letters of value to Mrs. Bragg were also taken, this fact adding an air of mystery to the case which is puzzling the police department.

The burglars gained entrance to the house by forcing a back window, giving access to the kitchen. Tools stolen from a shed at the home of Edwin Higgs, living next door, were used. The tools were found on the ground outside the window.

After making a fruitless search for the burglar's the officers returned to the McCleery home, secured a description of the stolen property and made an examination of the premises for clues to the identity of the robbers.

A clue furnished by the women



RECREATION

IS A MATTER OF PUBLIC CONCERN IN THE UNITED STATES TODAY

Old Puritanic Attitude is Discredited in Address Before Convention of Homeopathic Doctors.

(Associated Press Correspondence) Chicago, June 27.—Physicians from all sections of the country met here tonight when the American Institute of Homeopathy, the recognized charter governing body of that school of healing, opened its seventy-first annual meeting. Memorial services for members of the institute who have died during the past year were held this evening the memorial address being given by O. S. Runcells of Indianapolis. The convention is to continue through Friday and seven bureaus and four affiliated societies will hold sessions in connection with those of the main organization.

Reports of investigating committees, results of clinical and laboratory research and the expert conclusions of physicians and surgeons who have followed new lines of endeavor in their work will be presented. The evening with two exceptions are to be given over to social affairs and to promote these there are especially organized bodies of the institution as well as reunion committees from various schools and fraternities.

Some of the chief interest of the convention is expected to center about the bureau of pedology in which the social welfare of children is to receive special attention this year. The effect of play and the problem of tuberculosis are to be discussed as well as some of the more baffling complaints of childhood.

The bureau of sanitary science is to consider health problems in the light of homeopathic principles, the bureau of homeopathy will debate methods of spreading and vivifying the dogmas of the school; and the bureaus of clinical medicine, materia medica dermatology, clinical research will discuss technical subjects. The affiliated bodies, with their presidents, are:

Obstetric society; Surgical and Gynecological society; National Society of Physical Therapeutics, and the American Homeopathic Ophthalmological Otological and Laryngological society.

Among the numerous doctors who have prepared papers for the convention are Byron E. Miller, Portland, Ore., and Sarah H. Hobson, Chicago, respectively president and secretary of the institute; Lincoln Phillips, Cincinnati; Anson Cameron and Jos. P. Cobb, Chicago; Albert A. Ogle, Indianapolis; Elizabeth Hamilton Muncie, Brooklyn; George Forrest Martin, Lowell, Mass.; Leon J. Loizeaux and Royal S. Copland, New York City; Ralph Bernstein, and Dean William A. Pearson, Philadelphia; George Royal, Des Moines, Ia.; E. Russell Sprague, Syracuse; Phillip Rice and Florence N. Ward, San Francisco; Plummer D. Russell, Pueblo, Col.; L. D. Metzger, Pittsburgh; Jas. Campbell, St. Louis; J. M. Patterson, Kansas City; H. M. Beebe, Milwaukee, F. B. Kellogg, Los Angeles, and E. C. Williams, Hot Springs, Va.

"Recreation has become a matter of public concern," said Dr. Anson Cameron of Chicago, contending in an address before the American Institute, discussing the "Effect of Play on Mental Development and Education."

"The fear that the love of play will interfere with the love of work and undermine character, is groundless," he said. "Play develops organic vitality, nervous energy and skill and interests specific attention and enthusiasm together."

"Work is less effective. It lacks enthusiasm and develops only in a negative way when the child does things foreign to its nature in obedience to commands from an adult. Such lack of activity depresses vitality. Modern psychology teaches that joy is power, that right recreation is not merely wholesome but developmental."

"Modern education, stimulated by recent profound social changes, is experiencing a period of restlessness, discontent and experimentation. Several new types of school are being tried: one is the play school in which the teacher's interest is centered in the children and their activities and not merely in subjects of study. Another new type is the vacation school which recognizes that the child's education is going on every day."

"Then we have also the open air school for the anaemic and tubercular child, but the mass of children are kept indoors to be devitalized and subjected to a string of diseases. To obtain the best educational advantages a child must be blind, deaf, feeble-minded or incorrigible. Then he is given exercise, play grounds, gymnasium, baths, fresh air in abundance, gardens and play-shops. Normal children must get along the best they can without them."

"The real business of the child is not to pass examinations but to grow up. The forms of our pleasure-seeking disclose what we really are. Work is important, but it is only one of the important things. It is always the spirit that plays. Education must tell us not only how to get the most out of the working hours, but also how to spend most profitably and joyously the hours that remain."

HORLICK'S
The Original
Malted Milk
Unless you say "HORLICK'S"
you may get a Substitute.

Spanning a distance of two miles and seventy-three yards, the Try bridge, in Scotland is the longest in the world.

A clue furnished by the women

By annexing Franz Josef land, Russia increases the number, rather than the extent, of her possessions. The archipelago consists of about 60 islands, almost all of the group being covered with snowclad glaciers.

After making a fruitless search for the burglar's the officers returned to the McCleery home, secured a description of the stolen property and made an examination of the premises for clues to the identity of the robbers.

A clue furnished by the women

Beginning Thursday, July 1st, store will close on Thursdays at 12:00 o'clock (noon) during summer season.

63 Sample Dresses For Women and Misses---From a Big New York Purchase at $\frac{1}{2}$ Price---Worth From \$7.50 to \$25 to go at \$3.75 to \$12.50

Our ready-to-wear buyer, who has been in New York City for several days, was able to procure a collection of sixty-three beautiful dresses for women and misses. They have just arrived, and go on sale tomorrow. Of course, some of them are slightly soiled from trying-on. These dresses are in white voiles, nets, figured and striped voiles. The sizes range from 16 to 38, and are worth from \$7.50 to \$25.00—one sale at \$3.75 to \$12.50

Wash Dresses

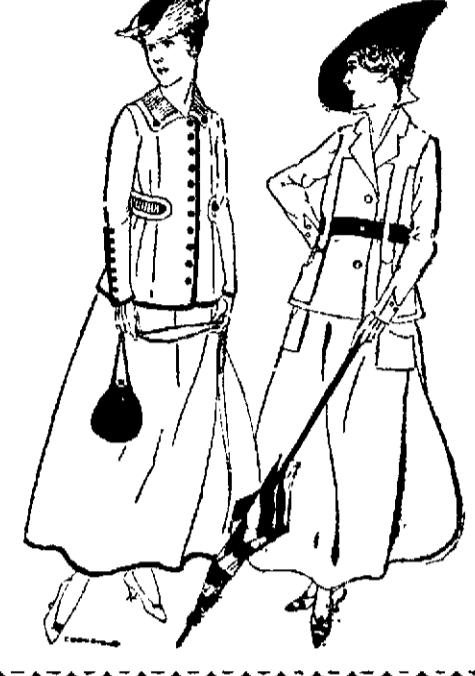
From New York Purchase At 1-3 to 1-2 Off

Hundreds of new wash dresses have been received from New York City, and are offered tomorrow at exceedingly low prices. There are a vast assortment of the White Voiles, White Nets, Figured and Striped Voiles, Rice Cloths, Lawns and Linens. On sale tomorrow at about ONE-THIRD to ONE-HALF less than early season's prices.



New Palm Beach Suits For Women and Misses At \$5.95 to \$15.00

Buy a Palm Beach Suit for style and comfort. They are light-weight, easy to launder, and have a very dressy appearance. Come in plain, tan, grey and black and white checks. Plain tailored and belted models to select from. Sizes from 16 to 47—and most extraordinary values from \$5.95 to \$15.00



Women's and Misses' New Silk & Wool Coats

100 From the New York Purchase About 1-2 Price Worth \$10 up to \$29.50, on sale at \$5.00 to \$15.00

Take your choice from 100 coats in the very latest styles, as they have just arrived from New York City. They are made from Poplins, Serges, Silk Poplins, White Chinchillas and Tan-striped Corduroys. Colors are: black, navy, tan and beige. Coats worth from \$10.00 up to \$29.50—at \$5.00 to \$15.00

The Store That Serves You Best **Meyer & Linday**
NEWARK, OHIO

East Side of the Square

YOUNG WOMAN IS BADLY HURT AT BUCKEYE LAKE

Miss Florence Hadley, 17-year-old daughter of Manager J. A. Hadley of the Hartman Hotel, Columbus, narrowly escaped being seriously injured yesterday afternoon at Buckeye Lake Park. Miss Hadley, her father and a number of others were bathing at the Yacht club beach when the former attempted to board a moving motor boat. While hanging to the side of the boat her feet were sucked into the propeller. Several deep wounds were inflicted in her left leg. It was said she lost nearly a quart of blood.

Dr. George N. Brown, park physician, attended her. She was taken to her apartment at the Hartman, and it is thought she will be confined to her room for several weeks.

Doctor Tells How to Shed Bad Complexion

We cannot restore degenerated facial tissue any more than we can restore a lost limb. It is useless to attempt to convert a worn-out complexion into a new one. The rational procedure is to remove the complexion instead—remove the devitalized tissue. Not by surgical means, however, as the underlying cutis is too thin, too tender, to withstand the ordinary surgical operation. Instead, a mercurialized wax will gradually absorb the offending cuticle. By degrees, a new, youthful skin appears, soft and delicately tinted as rose petal.

No lady need hesitate to do this. Purchase an ounce of mercurialized wax of the druggist. Spread on a thin layer before retiring, removing this in the morning with soap and water. In from one to two weeks the complexion is completely transformed.

An approved treatment for wrinkles is provided by dissolving an ounce of powdered sal volatile in a half pint of witch hazel. Bathing the face in the solution brings prompt and remarkable results.—Dr. R. Mackenzie in Popular Medicine.



For The Glorious Fourth

and all the remainder of the summer our low cut shoes are models of cool comfort and footwear elegance. They are made on special lasts, not on high shoe lasts cut down. That means a perfect fit without slipping at the heel. Come and try on a few pairs. They come in all leathers and at all prices.

JONES & WESSON
Next to Y. M. C. A.



Second Week of The Great Purchase Sale of The

NEW SUMMER WASH GOODS

Brings Greater Values In The Choicest Kind

Greater values we say as many lines have been given a faster selling price, and if you remember, last week we told you about our buyer making a very fortunate purchase of a mammoth lot of the season's newest wash fabrics at a price far below their real worth. We also called your attention to the fact that wash goods are very scarce today and that before many days the wholesale prices will no doubt be much higher. Last week thousands of wash goods buyers took advantage of the low sale prices on wash goods and this week values are even greater. Buy wash goods this week sure.

Wash Goods Worth Up to 18c, at 10c.

Here is a large table full of the new Wash Goods in pretty figured crepes and sheer voiles. They are 27 inches wide in light and dark patterns, and also patterns in fancy stripes; 15c and 18c values—sale price per yard, only 10c

Wash Goods Worth Up to 19c, at 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ c

Fine Irish Linen, in pretty neat patterns for little children's dresses, in small dots and figures; also in the lot there are beautiful sheer voiles for the grown-ups' Summer dresses; worth today at least 19c yard—the sale price. Monday, yard only 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ c

Wash Goods Worth Up to 20c, at 15c.

28-inch wide Rice Voiles, in beautiful figures and stripes, and fine sheer tissues in coin dots and figures of different colors. Another very choice Summer wash fabric. Wash fabrics worth up to 20c a yard—on sale at yard, only 15c

Wash Goods Worth Up to 19c, at 11c.

27-inch wide new Krinkle Crepes in white and different colors, such as tans and blues. A very choice wash fabric for children's dresses, also women's house dresses; worth up to 19c—sale price yard, only 11c

Wash Goods Worth Up to 50c, at 35c.

40-inch wide fancy imported voiles in dainty figured patterns and stripes, fast colors and a very choice wash fabric, and very stylish for women's wash dresses; worth 35c a yard—sale price yard, only 25c

Wash Goods Worth Up to 35c, at 25c.

Here are yards of beautiful Embroidered Crepes, with pretty silk stripes and embroidered in dainty figures of various designs; worth up to 35c a yard—on sale, while they last, at yard, only 25c

Loftus Lawns, at yard 5c.

Hundreds of yards of fast colored Dress Lawns, light grounds in different colored figured patterns and also dots—and the sale price, yard only 5c

Wash Goods Worth Up to 65, at 45c

St. Gaul Crepes and pretty Embroidered Voiles, which are in various figures and colors which are red, old rose, sand and lavender; extra wide, 40 inches; values up to 45c—on sale at yard, only 45c

45c Dress Linens at yard only 35c.

A big lot of the full shrunken Dress Linens, 36 inches wide; various colors, and the 39c and 45c qualities—at yard, only 35c

Meyer & Linday
NEWARK, OHIO

East Side of the Square